Bucks County Gazette.

VOL. VII—NO. 38. BRISTOL, BUCKS COUNTY, PA., THURSDAY, APRIL 29, 1880. WHOLE NO. 403.

MISCELLANEOUS.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

NEW YORK DIVISION.

Trains to and from Bristol Station

For Philadelphia.

Kensington Depot, 7:14, 8:21, 9:21 A. M. 12:24, 3:20, 4:26, 5:51, and 7:10, P. M. West Phila. Depot, 6:25, 10:33 A. M., and 1:11, 3:09, 6:59, and 9:51, 10:05 P. M. On Sundays, Kensington Depot, 12:24, and 5:24 P.M. West Phila. Depot, at 6:59 and 9:51 P. M.

For New York.

At 12:54, 7:37, 9:12, and 11:43 A. M., 2:59, 6:19, and 7:39 P. M. Sunday trains 9:12 A. M., and 8:10 P. M.

For Trenton.

at 7:37, 8:23, 9:12, 11:00, and 11:43 A.M., 3:00, 3:00, 4:48, 6:28, 6:10, 6:19, 6:58, and 9:03 P. M. On Sundays, 9:12 9:40, A. M. and 3:00 8:10, P. M.

☞This 4:23, 11:43, A. M., 2:39, 4:48, and 6:10 P. M. trains connect with Belvidere Division.

From Trenton.

At 6:50, 8:00, 9:00, and 10:14 A. M., 12:00 M., 12:55, 2:50, 3:00, 4:05, 5:30, 6:43 6:55, and 9:45 P. M. On Sundays, 12:00 noon, 5:00, 6:42, and 9:45 P. M.

From Philadelphia.

Leaves Kensington Depot, at 7:40, and 10:15 A. M. 2:15, 4:10, 4:45, 5:30, 6:15, and 8:20 P. M. West Philadelphia Depot, at 8:30 and 11:00 A. M., and 2:00, 5:30 and 7:00 P. M. and 11:30, 12:00 night.

From New York.

At 7:25, 8:15, and 10:55 A. M., 12:55, 3:55, 4:55 and 7:25 P. M.

From Philadelphia, Westward.

Trains leave West Philadelphia for Harrisburg, Pittsburg and the West, at 8.00, A. M., and 12.55 8.15, P. M., daily, except Sunday, and 7.20, 9.10 A. M. 11.55, P. M., daily.

For Harrisburg, Williamsport, the Oil Regions and Erie, at 12.55 and 11.55, P. M.

For Harrisburg, Elmira, Canandaigua, Niagara Falls, &c., at 7.20, A. M.

A Through Passenger Train, especially for parties moving westward, leaves Philadelphia at 12.05 A.M., daily, except Monday. For passage by this train, application should be made to Francis Funk, Agent, 116 Market Street, Philadelphia, where first-class and emigrant tickets can be obtained.

For further information see time tables, which can be obtained at the ticket office.

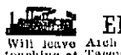
F. THOMSON, Gen. Manager. L. P. FARMER, Gen. Pass. Agent

F. W. JACKSON, Gen. Supt. U. R. R. of N. J. Division.

60

Trips Resumed to Trenton.

THE STEAMER



EDWIN FORREST

Will leave Arch street wharf, Philadelphia, touching at Tacony, Torresdale, Beverly, Burlington, Bristol, Florence, Penn's Manor, White Hill and Trenton.

Leave Arch st. wharf.	Leave South Trenton.
Thursday, 2, Don't Go.	Thursday, 29, 8 A. M.
Friday, 30, 6 A. M.	Friday, 30, 9½ A. M.
Saturday, 1, 6½ A. M.	Saturday, 1, 9½ A. M.
Monday, 3, 8 A. M.	Monday, 3, 12 M.
Tuesday, 4, 9 A. M.	Tuesday, 4, 1 P. M.
Wednday, 5, 9½ A. M.	Wednday, 5, 1½ P. M.
Thursday, 6, 10 A. M.	Thursday, 6, 2 P. M.

Leaves Bristol about one hour and a half after leaving Philadelphia or Trenton.

Fare, Philadelphia to Trenton 40 cts. Excursion 60 cts.

All other places, 25cts. Excursion, 40 cts.

Trips Resumed.

THE STEAMBOAT



COLUMBIA,

ON and after Saturday, May 9th, the Steamboat Columbia, will leave Bristol for Philadelphia, at 7.30 A. M., and 4 P. M., touching at Burlington, Beverly, Riverton, Torresdale and Andalusia. Returning, leaves Philadelphia at 2.00 and 6 P. M. Fare, 25c. each way. Excursion, 40c.

Sunday—Leave Bristol at 8:15 A. M., and 4 P. M., and Philadelphia at 2 and 6 P. M.

THE STEAMBOAT



TWILIGHT

leaves Chestnut Street Wharf at 7 A. M., and 3 P. M. for Beverly, Burlington, Bristol and Florence, touching at Riverton, House of Correction, Torresdale, Delunce and Andalusia. Returning, leaves Florence at 10 A. M. and Bristol at half-past 10. On the 3 o'clock trip only as far as Bristol, leaving there at 5 P. M.

Fare, 25c. Excursion, 40c. Usual low rates on freight.

KING BITTERS.

AT LAST!!! AT LAST!!!

Demon Disease has found a conqueror in King Bitters the Great Blood Purifier and Liver and Kidney Renovator.

A Pure Vegetable Compound and a True Remedy for the following Diseases: Nervous and General Debility, Mental Prostration, Nausea, or Sickness at the Stomach, **DYSPEPSIA IN ITS WORST FORMS**, Nervous and Sick Headache, Dizziness, Sinking Spells, **CONSUMPTION**, in its First Stages. Liver Complaint, Kidney and all Urinary Troubles, and all **FEMALE WEAKNESSES**, also Constipation, Neuralgia, Rhumatism, Gout, Palpitation of the Heart, Jaundice, and all Skin Diseases

Prepared by

KING BITTERS MF'G CO.,

41 & 43 Warren Street, N. Y.

For Sale in Bristol by Dr. H. Pursell.

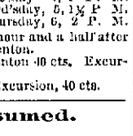
MITCHELL & KIRKMAN,

MARBLE

and

Brown Stone

CUTTERS,



Foot of Mill Street, Bristol, Pa.

MONUMENTS, HEAD STONES & STONE CUTTING, in all its branches.

CEMETERY LOTS ENCLOSED, &c., &c.

HOME & DAY SCHOOL FOR GIRLS

BRISTOL, PA.

The second term will begin on Wednesday, Jan. 28th. Instruction in Elocution will be given by

MISS F. R. ROBERTS,

a graduate of the National School of Elocution and Oratory, A. MERRIAM, Principal.



Beautiful Artificial Teeth, from $5 to $8 per Set, guaranteed to fit and cut perfect. Impression in the morning, teeth in the afternoon. Painless extraction with gas, 50 cents per tooth. Teeth extracted *free* when others are inserted. Old sets repaired equal to new. Filling with Gold or Amalgam. COLLEGE, 514 PINE Street, Philadelphia, Pa. (Please clip this out.) 160

DORRANCE ST. MEAT MARKET.

THEODORE CORNELL

Keeps constantly on hand a full supply of MEAT OF ALL KINDS,

at reasonable prices. He respectfully solicits a share of the patronage of the people of Bristol and vicinity.

For Sale.

HOUSES of every size and description. Terms of payment very liberal.

JOSHUA PEIRCE.

For Rent.

SEVERAL small stone houses on Lafayette Street, and one two-room house on Dorrance Street, JOSHUA PEIRCE

PHILADELPHIA.

DON'T YOU DO IT!

Don't part with your money until you know the truth. Interested parties are spreading the reports that MR. JOHN WANAMAKER is not interested in the old and famous OAK HALL Clothing business and does not personally direct its affairs.

Nothing Could be More Untrue!

Mr. JOHN WANAMAKER has precisely the same relations to Oak Hall as in the past.

WANAMAKER & BROWN is what it has been ever since Mr. Brown died, 12 years ago.

Mr. JOHN WANAMAKER personally watches over the faithful preparation of the stock of MEN'S AND BOYS' CLOTHING and the conducting of the store. Nothing is allowed to pass his eye that is not straightforward and true to the interest of those who have patronized the house for 19 years and depend on its reliability.

From all appearances the year 1880 is to be the largest in sales ever known.

The READYMADE Department is Better Stocked!
The BOYS' Department is Better Stocked!!
The CUSTOM Department is Better Stocked!!!
The SHIRT Department is Better Stocked!!!!

All this will be apparent on FIRST SIGHT! Please call whenever you can and look through this BEEHIVE of a Building, so busy with its Hundreds of Workpeople and Customers. Do not forget that Clothing of the W. & B. make will stand better service than any other that can be got and that it does not cost any more (if as much) as other makes.

WANAMAKER & BROWN,

OAK HALL, SIXTH AND MARKET STREETS,

THE LARGEST CLOTHING HOUSE IN AMERICA,

PHILADELPHIA.

A COMPLETE RENEWAL

IN OUR STOCK OF

C-L-O-T-H-I-N-G

NEW GOODS—BOUGHT FOR CASH—MADE UP BEFORE THE ADVANCE AND OFFERED TO THE PUBLIC AT PRICES FROM

25 to 30 per cent

LESS THAN PRESENT COST OF MANUFACTURE—PREPARED BY

A. C. YATES & CO.

THE LEADING AND POPULAR CLOTHIERS OF PHILADELPHIA, FOR THE

1880 SPRING and SUMMER 1880.

FOR THE BEST AND CHEAPEST CLOTHING CALL AT THE

LEDGER BUILDING, CHESTNUT and SIXTH STREETS.

THE FINEST CLOTHING HOUSE IN AMERICA.

FANCY SILKS,
BLACK SILKS,
SATINS,
VELVETS,
BROCADES,
WEDDING OUTFITS,
DRESS GOODS,
CASHMERES,
BLACK GOODS,
PRINTS,
PERCALES,
LINENS and COTTONS,
DRESS MAKING,
MANTLES,
CLOAKS,
SUITS,
SHAWLS,
INFANTS' WEAR,
BOYS' WEAR,
GIRLS' WEAR,
CLOAKINGS,
BLANKETS,
WOOLENS,
HANDKERCHIEFS,
TRIMMINGS,
GLOVES,
HOSIERY,
Underwear in Muslin and Merino, etc.

DRY GOODS

BY MAIL OR EXPRESS.

OUR MAIL ORDER DEPARTMENT is now so systematized, and in charge of such thoroughly competent and experienced hands, that persons unable to visit our store can do their shopping by writing us for samples or goods, with the assurance of getting them at the same prices as if buying in person. We carry an average stock of about half a million of dollars, all bought for prompt cash in the markets of Europe as well as in this country. Try us, and see how cheaply and quickly you can get what you want by mail or express. When in town we shall be pleased to have you call on us.

SEND FOR CATALOGUE OR SAMPLES.

COOPER & CONARD,

IMPORTERS AND RETAILERS,

Ninth and Market Streets,

PHILADELPHIA.

Established 1852. Mention this paper.

Seeds For April!

PEAS {LANDRETHS' Extra Early—the Earliest and Best. Kentish Invicta—a Green Seeded First Early.

RADISH {Strap Leaved Long Scarlet—New and Fine. Early Scarlet Turnip Rooted.

TOMATO {Acme—New and very Desirable. Paragon—New and Larger than Acme.

ONION {All Varieties At Lowest Prices.

Address Postal Card. CORN {Sugar Corn Of All Sorts.

LANDRETHS' {21 & 23 S. 6th Street, No. 4 ARCH Street.} PHILAD'A.

447 BUY OF THE MANUFACTURER. 447

JOHN G. SONNEBORN,

MANUFACTURER AND DEALER IN

CARPETS, MATTINGS, OIL CLOTHS, SHADES, &C., &C.,

No. 447 North Second Street, below Noble, East Side. Philadelphia.

ENTRY AND STAIR CARPETS, STAIR RODS, DOOR MATS, STAIR OIL CLOTH, PARLOR RUGS, &c., always on hand.

OIL CLOTHS from 1 yard to 4 yards wide.

447. Goods Warranted as Represented. 447.

ESTABLISHED 1854.

W. J. HEISS BRO. & CO.,

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

Girard Avenue and Front Street, Philadelphia.

FLOUR A SPECIALTY.

From the London Athenæum.

FALLEN FLOWERS.

BY ARTHUR O'SHAUGHNESSY.

One of the workers of the world
Living toiled, and toiling died;
But others worked and the work went on,
And was not changed when he was gone.
A strong arm stricken, a wide sail furled;
And only a few men sighed.

One of the heroes of the world
Fought to conquer, then fought to fall,
And fell down slain in his blood-stained mail,
And over his form they crept;
His cause was lost and his banner furled,
And only a woman wept.

One of the singers among mankind
Sang healing songs from an o'erwrought heart;
But ere men listened the grass and wind
Were wasting the rest unsung like a wave;
And now of his fame that will ne'er depart
He has never heard in his grave.

One of the women who only love,
Love and grieved and faded away.
Ah, me! are these gone to the God above,
What more of each can I say?
They are human flowers that flower and fall—
This is the song and the end of them all.

SCIENTIFIC MISCELLANY.

—Tulare lake is probably the most mysterious spot on the continent. It is located on a great plain three hundred miles south of San Francisco. At a distance the water appears to be higher than the land. A mile or more before reaching the water the dry land of the plain gives place to damp soil, and when at last the margin of the lake is found one may wade into it for more than a mile before finding it knee-deep. The lake is about forty miles long. The bottom is formed of clam-shells, and there are hundreds of small islands and bunches of tules. The islands are tenanted by millions of white birds of the gull kind, and upon one of them fourteen human skulls ranged in a circle were lately found, no other bones lying near. Mounds have been discovered along the shore, and it is expected that the whole bottom of the lake will reveal traces of a submerged city.

—Teeth are destroyed either by the action of acids or the development of a vegetable parasite. The former is the much more frequent cause of decay. It has been demonstrated by actual experiment that even very weak acids may suffice to decompose the teeth substances. In forty-eight hours the juice of grapes will render the enamel of a chalky consistence. Most vegetable substances are inert until fermentation takes place and acetic acid is formed. Animal substances exert no deleterious influence until putrefaction is far advanced.

—The severity of the past winter in France caused great injury to trees and vines. The damage sustained by the Paris parks is indicated by the fact that in the Bois de Boulogne 54,000 evergreens, 20,000 firs, and 30,000 deciduous trees are required to fill up gaps, while in the Champs Elysees 3,200 trees were killed. The total loss to Paris alone in the parks, avenues and nurseries is estimated at a million francs. To secure valuable hints for agriculturists and others, the French Minister of Agriculture has instructed the prefects to report what kind of pines, fruit trees and vines suffered most from the cold.

—An English traveler reports the discovery of two peculiar varieties of tea in western China. The infusion of one species is naturally sweet, having the taste of coarse congou with a plentiful addition of sugar. It is known only to the natives of a very limited extent of country. The second variety is even more remarkable, having a natural flavor of milk or—perhaps more exactly—of butter. It grows wild, and every part of the plant except the leaves is used in making the infusion.

—Prof. Loomis shows that over the United States the rate of progress of storm-centres is an average of twenty-six miles an hour, whereas, over the Atlantic it is only fourteen miles, and on the continent of Europe, as shown by Neumayer, it does not exceed sixteen miles an hour. In this connection it is pointed out that the winds on the Atlantic are stronger than they are over either of the continents, and the winds of central Europe are stronger than the winds of the United States.

—The inflow of sewage is the source of much distrust of river-water. Prof. Tidy believes, however, that within certain limits the pollution of the water from such cause is too slight to produce any effect. In a lengthy paper on the subject, he presents the conclusion that oxidation of the organic matter of sewage takes place very rapidly in running water, and that such impurities are by this means entirely destroyed during a flow of a few miles, provided the pure water of the stream is in quantity to sufficiently dilute the sewage matter. He decides further that, whatever may be the actual cause of certain maladies, the "disease matter" which finds its way into the river is destroyed along with the organic impurity.

—As a curious fact, Dr. Auerbach mentions that during an entire summer he observed water-beetles living in tanks of a saturated solution of Glauber salt, although when a small quantity of the liquid found its way by leakage into a neighboring river it proved fatal to multitudes of fish.

—Dr. Erlenmeyer gives it as his opinion that the Semitic nations, including the ancient Hebrews, were left-handed, and that this peculiarity was the reason why they wrote from right to left. In support of this theory he adduces evidence from both the Talmud and the Old Testament. He seems to have overlooked the fact, however, that in one of the earlier books of the latter (Judges III, 15) left-handedness is mentioned as a personal peculiarity.

—The savage process of obtaining a fire by the friction of pieces of wood is daily performed in London by a company of Zulus.

Many newspapers throughout this country contain letters advising the people to go to farming, which is one of the most romantic of occupations—in newspapers. Poets, and even editors, have written about the beauties of farming, but they are usually the people who never go to fighting pip, gapes, roup, chinch bugs, potato beetles, weavils, club foot, sorrel, Hungarian grass, drought, mildew, pedlers, frost, lightning rod agents and the thousands of other farm pests.

ANTONIO AND BASSANIO.

The following is the story of "The Merchant of Venice," as told by Mr. James Spedding in the *Cornhill Magazine*, and is stated by him to be found in an old collection of tales called "Il Pecorone," written by Ser Giovanni, a notary of Florence, about 1378. Its interest lies in the probability that on it Shakespeare founded his play:

Giannetto, the youngest son of a rich merchant in Florence, receives from his dying father a letter addressed to his dearest friend, Ansaldo, the greatest of the Christian merchants in Venice, who, being a childless man and Giannetto's godfather, had long been anxious to adopt him. This letter, he tells him, is to be instead of any other provision. "Behave well," he says, "and you will certainly be a rich man." Ansaldo welcomes his godson with delight, orders his servants to attend to him as to himself, gives him the keys of his money boxes, and desires him to spend all freely in distinguishing himself and entertaining his friends; and to remember that "the more he gains the good will of everybody the more dear he will be to him." Giannetto follows his direction, quickly distinguishes himself in all the qualities of a gentleman, becomes a universal favorite and the most accomplished youth in Venice, and behaves in all ways to his godfather's entire satisfaction. Such a man, it is thought by his friends, should have something more to do—should see more, and be more seen—and two of the most intimate, intending a mercantile voyage to Alexandria, urge him to go with them in a ship of his own. He would like to go if Ansaldo will give him leave; Ansaldo is willing to furnish him if he would like to go. He is provided with a fine ship richly freighted, and the three friends set sail together. The ships keep each other company until Giannetto, early one morning, seeing a fine port and hearing that it is the port of

THE LADY OF BELMONTE

—a beautiful widow, but dangerous to visit, every visitor being obliged to undertake a certain task on condition that if he accomplishes it he shall take her for his wife and be lord of the port and all the country, but if he fails he shall give up to her all that he brings with him, and many had gone in rich and come out with nothing—resolves to take his chance; sails in, unperceived by his companions; is received with festive welcome; after due warning of the conditions, goes to his trial; fails; loses all; and returns to Venice, much ashamed and obliged to say that his ship had been wrecked and all on board lost except himself. Ansaldo makes light of the accident. Since his son has come back safe, all is well; he may be cheerful and easy; they have enough left. But when the two friends with whom he had set out return rich from their voyage, and tell him if he will go with them again the next spring he may easily gain as much as he has lost; Ansaldo, seeing that he could not be happy without making the trial, provides him with another ship, more richly freighted than the first; and the three set out again in company, as before. But Giannetto, whose real aim was to get without their knowledge into the port of Belmonte, contrives to elude them; sails in; is recognized and received as before; undertakes the same task again; again fails; and returns again to Venice, having lost all, and saying that he had suffered another shipwreck. These repeated losses had nearly exhausted Ansaldo's means, but not his affection or his patience; and when the two friends return again very rich from their second voyage, and he finds that Giannetto cannot be happy without one more effort to recover his losses, he sells all that he has in order to provide a third ship for him; and because all that he has is not enough to do it as handsomely as he would, and he "wants still ten thousand ducats, he applies himself to

A JEW AT MESTRI,

and borrows them on condition that if they are not paid on the Feast of St. John, in the next month of June, the Jew may take a pound of the merchant's flesh from any part of his body he pleases. Ansaldo agrees, and the Jew has an obligation drawn and witnessed with all the form and ceremony necessary, and then counts him the ten thousand ducats of gold, with which Ansaldo buys what was still wanting for the vessel. When it is time to depart, Ansaldo tells Giannetto that, since he well knows of the obligation to the Jew, he entreats him, in case any misfortune happens, that he will return to Venice, that he may see him before he dies, and then he can leave the world with satisfaction. Giannetto promises to do everything he conceives may give him pleasure. Ansaldo gives him his blessing, they take their leave, and the ships set out."

Giannetto, still secretly bent upon the Lady of Belmonte, contrives again to give his companions the slip and find his way into her port; is recognized and received as before, and makes himself as popular; but this time, by the help of a friendly hint from a sympathetic damsel who thinks it hard that such devotion should be so rewarded, he avoids the cause of his previous failures, accomplishes his task triumphantly, marries the Lady of Belmonte, is proclaimed sovereign of the country, to the great joy both of herself and all the people, and is still absorbed in the duties and enjoyments of his new fortune, when one day, seeing a procession with torches passing the window, and being told that it is a company of artificers going to make their offerings at the Church of St. John, the day being his festival, he suddenly remembers with horror that St. John's festival was

ANSALDO'S PAY-DAY,

and he had forgotten all about it! His wife, observing his emotion, draws from him the confession that "his father was engaged for ten thousand ducats, that the term was expired, and if they were not paid that day he must lose a pound of his flesh." She at once desires him to take a hundred thousand ducats, mount his horse, and not stop until he arrives at Venice; and, if he arrives in time to save him, to bring him to Belmonte.

The Jew in the meantime had seized Ansaldo; but in consideration of his wish to see Giannetto before he died, consents to wait some days, provided that the delay do not invalidate the bond. "'But,' says he, 'if he comes a hundred times over, I will cut off the pound of flesh, according to the words of the obligation.' Ansaldo answered that he was content."

This determination to reject all proposals to redeem the bond by paying the money with cost and interest, which goes for so little with Shylock's modern apologists, is carefully marked and brought out by the teller of the story, who evidently thought it an important feature in the case.

"Every one," he adds, "at Venice who had heard of the affair was much concerned. Several merchants would have jointly paid the money; the Jew would not hearken to the proposal, but insisted that he might commit this homicide (*anzi volewa fare quello homicidio*), to have the satisfaction of saying (*per poter dire*) that he had put to death the greatest of the Christian merchants."

Giannetto again, as soon as he arrives, offers to pay the whole debt, and as much more as the Jew would demand. The Jew replies he will take no money, since it was not paid at the time due; he will have the pound of flesh. "Every one blamed the Jew," says the narrator; "but, as Venice was a place where justice was strictly administered, and the Jew had his pretensions grounded on public and received forms, nobody dared to oppose him, and when the merchants of Venice applied to him he was inflexible.

GIANNETTO OFFERED HIM

twenty thousand; afterward forty, fifty, and at last one hundred thousand ducats. The Jew told him if he would give him as much gold as the city of Venice was worth he would not accept it. 'And,' says he, 'you know little of me if you think I will desist from my demand.'"

While matters thus stood there alighted at an inn in Venice a young man, described by his servants as "a lawyer (*un gentil' huomo giudice*) who had finished his studies at Bologna, and was returning to his own country." And what follows I must give from the old story, without abridgement:

The landlord upon this shows his guest great civility; and when he attended at dinner, the lawyer inquired how justice was administered in that city, he answered, "Justice in this place is too severe." "How comes that?" said the lawyer, "I will tell how," says the landlord. "You must know that some years ago there came here a young man from Florence, whose name was Giannetto; he was recommended to the care of a relation, who is called Ansaldo. He behaved here so well as to possess the esteem and affections of every living creature, and never was a youth so well beloved. Now, this Ansaldo sent him out three times; each time with a ship of great value. He every time was unfortunate; and to furnish the last Ansaldo was forced to borrow 10,000 ducats of a Jew, on condition that if he did not repay them in June at the Feast of St. John, the Jew might take a pound of his flesh. This excellent young man is now returned, and offers to pay a hundred thousand ducats. The wicked Jew won't take them, although the best merchants in the city have applied to him, but to no purpose." Says the lawyer: "This question may be easily answered." "If you can answer it," says the landlord, "and will take the trouble to do it, and safe this worthy man from death, you will get the love and esteem of a most deserving young man, and of all the best men of this city. The lawyer caused a proclamation to be made that whoever had any law matters to determine they should have recourse to him. So it was told to Giannetto that

A FAMOUS LAWYER

was come from Bologna, who could decide all cases in law. Giannetto proposed to the Jew to apply to this lawyer. "With all my heart," says the Jew; "but, let who will come, I will stick to my bond." Giannetto and the Jew each told the merits of the case to the judge, who, when he had taken the bond and read it, said to the Jew, "I must have you take the hundred thousand ducats and release this honest man, who will always have a grateful sense of the favor done to him." The Jew replied "I will do no such thing." The judge answered, "It will be better for you." The Jew was positive to yield nothing. Upon this they go to the tribunal appointed for such judgments; and our judge speaks in favor of Ansaldo, and, desiring that the Jew may stand forth, "Now," says he, "do you" (to the Jew) "cut off a pound of this man's flesh where you choose." The Jew ordered him to be stripped naked, and takes in his hand a razor, which had been made on purpose. Giannetto seeing this, turning to the judge, "This," says he, "is not the favor I asked of you." "Be quiet," says he; "the pound of flesh is not yet cut off." As soon as the Jew was going to begin, "Take care what you do," says the judge; "if you take more or less than a pound I will order your head to be struck off, and I tell you besides, that if you shed one drop of blood you shall be put to death. Your paper makes no mention of the shedding of blood, but says expressly that you may take

A POUND OF FLESH,

neither more or less; and if you are wise you will take great care what you do." He immediately sent for the executioner to bring the block and ax. "And now, says he, "if I see one drop of blood, off goes your head." The Jew began to be in great fear, and Giannetto in great joy. At length the Jew, after much wrangling, told him: "You are more cunning than I can pretend to be; however, give me the hundred thousand ducats and I am content." "No, says the judge; "cut off your pound of flesh, according to your bond; I will not give you a farthing. Why did you not take the money when it was offered? The Jew came down to ninety, and then to eighty thousands; but the judge was still resolute. Giannetto told the judge to give him what he required, that Ansaldo might have his liberty; but he replied: "Let me manage him!" Then the Jew would have taken fifty thousand. He said: "I will not give you a penny." "Give me at least," said the Jew, "my own ten thousand ducats, and a curse confound you all!" The judge replies: "I will give you nothing. If you will have the pound of flesh, take it; if not, I will order your bond to be protested and annulled." Every one present was greatly pleased, and, deriding the Jew, said, "He who laid traps for others is caught himself." The Jew, seeing he could gain nothing, tore in pieces the bond in a great rage. Ansaldo was released, and conducted home with great joy by Giannetto. * * *

The lady arrived some days before, and gave orders to have everything prepared, and the streets with tapestry and filled with men armed for the tiltings and exercises; and, when Giannetto and Ansaldo were landed, all the court went out to meet them, crying, "Long live our sovereign lord! Long live our sovereign lord!" When they arrived at the palace the lady ran to embrace Ansaldo, but feigned anger against Giannetto, though she loved him excessively; yet the feastings, tilts and diversions went on as usual, at which all the the lords and ladies assisted. Giannetto, seeing that his wife did not receive him with her accustomed good countenance, called her, and inquired the reason would have satisfied her. She told him she wanted not his caresses. "I am sure," says she, "you have been lavish of them to some of your former mistresses at Venice." Giannetto began to make excuses. She asked him

WHERE WAS THE RING

she had given him. "It was no more than what I expected," cries Giannetto, "and I was in the right to say you would be angry with me; but I swear by all that is sacred, and by your dear self, that I gave the ring to the lawyer who gained our cause." "And I can swear," says the lady with as much solemnity, "that you gave the ring to a woman, and I know it certainly; therefore swear no more." Giannetto said, if what he had told her was not true, he wished every misfortune to fall upon him that might destroy him, and that he said all this to the lawyer when he asked for the ring. The lady replied: "You would have done better to have staid at Venice with your mistresses, and have sent Ansaldo here; for I hear they all wept when you went away." Giannetto's tears began to fall, and in great sorrow he assured her that what she supposed could not possibly be true. The lady seeing his tears, which were daggers in her bosom, ran to embrace, and in a fit of laughter showed him the ring, told everything which he had said to the lawyer, that she was herself the lawyer, and how she obtained the ring. Giannetto was greatly astonished, finding it all true, and was highly delighted with what he had heard, and went out of the chamber and told the story to the nobles and to his companions; and this heightened greatly the love between him and his lady. He then called the damsel who had given him the good advice, and gave her to Ansaldo for a wife; and they spent the rest of their lives in great felicity and contentment.

What do we live for, if it is not to make life less difficult to each other?

ODDS AND ENDS.

Mary Walker calls the place where she hangs her clothes, not a closet but a pantry.

People glorify all sorts of bravery except the bravery they might show on behalf of their nearest neighbors.—*George Eliot.*

It is reported that an able statesman who built a house on his poker winnings said that his residence was built on a bluff.

Happy is the Federal office-seeker who, on his civil service examination paper writes O. at the tail of that vital question: "Where born?"

A lady for the first time listening to the "still small voice" of a telephone, remarked, "Good gracious, it sounds just like one's conscience!"

A traveller says it is true that many young Russians will eat candles. Of course they will; they eat up the candles so that they kiss in the dark.

President Hayes says he cannot tell a New Englander from a Southern man. The mixing of two parties in the White House the other day taught him this.

Mr. Thomas Hughes contemplates a journey to America during the Summer in connection with a land company in Tennessee, in which he is largely interested.

Anna Dickinson is reported as saying that she will never marry until she can bake a loaf of bread, and that she will never bake bread while she has her senses.

To use long words in talking to or writing for children is as silly as to shout at the top of one's voice in trying to make a foreigner understand mangled English.

When a man is startled at something, and says, "I hear a noise," it probably never occurs to him that there is nothing else in this wide world that anybody can hear but a noise.

Miss Louisa M. Alcott is said to be a fine natural actress, and to have come near going on the stage once. Her project was defeated by her family. She has often attempted writing for the stage.

Mr. Gladstone's wonderful industry and mental activity are demonstrated by his writing an essay on the Achaian and Semitic religions for the *Nineteenth Century* in the midst of his severe political labors.

An English professor of waltzing says that the "go" of the best waltzers is from a "spring" which is made at the right moment upon the right foot and in the right way. The rule, he says, is "spring and glide."

Montgomery county has eight creameries in operation—two in New Hanover, one in Pottsgrove, one in Upper Hanover, one at Frederick station, one at Yerkes' station, one at Harmony Square, and one at Blooming Glen.

President Hayes is reported to have said, a few days ago: "I believe that the last half of my administration has been as pleasant and as free from perplexities and troubles as ever falls to the lot of an incumbent of the Presidential chair."

Of Mrs. Hayes the Washington correspondent of the St. Louis *Globe-Democrat* says that "nothing else so thoroughly proves her sincere Methodism as the way in which she attends all the funerals, mourns with those who mourn, and comforts the afflicted."

Mrs. John Sherman is said, when a girl at school, to have remarked, in the course of a girlish conversation with her schoolmates as to what each would do when she was married, that she would aim "to make her husband as much of a man as he can be."

Chief Justice Park, of the Connecticut Supreme Court, is so much attached to the old custom of ringing a bell at the opening of court that at his special request the bell of the Centre Church in New Haven is rung every morning when he takes his seat.

Zola and his naturalistic friends, according to one of them, spend most of their days in eating and of their nights in telling prurient tales. They vary these pleasures by spasmodic fits of literary composition and by floating on the Seine in a boat called the Nana.

A young gentleman in a lager beer restaurant up town is known to be in love and to have given up eating. A sausage being placed in front of him the other day, he was seen to toy with it awhile, and when asked what he was doing he said he was carving her name on the bark.

When the Czarina of Russia alighted from the railway car which took her to St. Petersburg, on her return from her last journey to Italy, she exclaimed: "Alas! I have done with travelling. Farewell railroads; farewell coaches and locomotives. My next conveyance will be the hearse."

Gen. Garfield likes stout boots and black broad-brimmed slouch hats, and dresses plainly. He is devoted to his wife and children, and very fond of his house in the country; he eats heartily and plainly, and is extremely temperate; he is a hard worker, but is genial and sociable, and an excellent conversationalist.

The late Henry Vincent told a correspondent of the Troy *Times* that he was one day driving with Mr. John Bright when their carriage was stopped by a man, who informed them of Lincoln's death. Neither of them spoke, they drove on in silence, and when they looked at each other, the eyes of both were full of tears.

King Chula Conkorn, of Siam, is twenty-four years old, is above the medium height and has a fine figure. His eyes are large and sharp. He sometimes appears unclothed above the waist, but usually wears full uniform. His crown is the shape of a church steeple. He has a well assorted harem and is very handsome.

Mr. Spurgeon has written the following letter apropos of the statement that he had said, being consulted as to Mr. Bradlaugh's candidature, "If the devil himself were a Liberal I should vote for him." "I do not remember the expression attributed to me. I should not vote for the devil under any conceivable circumstances. I think it is a pity to retail a dubious anecdote, in order to make me express an opinion upon a matter which I have not considered. Northampton people do not need any instruction from me."

The tendency to judge conscientious efforts by results is common among parents. Johnny, who had run away from school to go fishing, was greeted at the gate by his father, who briskly inquired, "Well, sonny, where've you been?" "Been fishing." "Did you catch anything?" "Caught them!" and Johnny held up a beautifully assorted string of fish of all sizes except large ones. "Ah! that's right, sonny. Take 'em out in the back yard and dress 'em. We'll have a good breakfast." Encouraged by kind words, as all boys are, Johnny once more slid away from school, with no fear of all that the teacher would say and do on account of his absence the day before, and tried angling again. Meeting his father on his return he was greeted with, "Hallo, sonny, where've you been?" "Been fishing." "What did you catch?" "No-a-e, thing." "March yourself, march yourself into the house. I'll teach you to run away from school and go fishing when you know you can't catch anything." There was howl sauce but no fish for breakfast next morning.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

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Bucks County Gazette:

JESSE O. THOMAS, Editor.

Thursday, April 29, 1880.

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CONVENTIONS YESTERDAY.

The Democratic State Convention, which met at Harrisburg yesterday, in spite of the wrangling and factional disputes preceding the meeting which threatened to turn the assembly into a bear garden, turned out to be a love feast. The apparent harmony was secured by a compromise between Speaker Randall and Senator Wallace. As soon as Chairman Miller had called the convention to order, Lewis C. Cassidy arose and proclaimed himself the bearer of glad tidings to the Pennsylvania Democracy, and proposed a committee of six to settle all contests, and report finally and conclusively an uncontested roll to the convention. This was adopted, and addresses were then made by Messrs. Randall, Wallace, Speer, Vaux and Stenger, who, from being bitter foes the night previous, expressed their unbounded admiration for each other, and their devoted love for the Democratic party. Mr. Randall said the occasion was the happiest moment of his life, and Mr. Wallace, although not quite so ecstatic, announced that he was for peace, harmony and victory. These sentiments were echoed by other speakers, and after all the delegates who desired had told how joyful they felt, there was no time to transact any other business. The convention, therefore, adjourned until this morning, when the committee of six will make its report, and candidates for Judge of the Supreme Court and Auditor General be nominated, and delegates at large for Cincinnati selected. It is probable that the delegates will go uninstructed for any particular candidate, and that the delegation will not be instructed to vote as a unit.

The Ohio Republicans held their State Convention at Columbus, yesterday. Major McKinley, of Canton, Ohio, was chosen temporary chairman. He made a stalwart speech. He declared that the Democratic party were determined to attain power either by the will of the people or in defiance of it if that could be accomplished. He recited at length the attempts being made by Congress to deprive Republicans of their seats in Congress as simply part of a specially arranged plan to corruptly obtain control of the government. One interesting event of the convention was a plucky speech made by B. W. Arnett, who was suggested as alternate delegate at large. When Arnett's name was announced there was a general demand among the Sherman delegates for information as to whom he favored for President. Arnett took the stage, and an attempt was made to cry him down, but he stood quietly till the noise subsided, and then declared he was for Blaine and that he should not change his honest convictions for any office which the Convention could give him. He said that if sent to Chicago he should do his duty as a Republican, and vote for a man whom his duty to his country, his God and the poor bleeding race he represented demanded of him. Arnett then withdrew his name as a candidate. Several other prominent colored men were suggested for this honor, but none were chosen. As near as can be learned eight out of the forty district delegates chosen are for Blaine. In one district—the Seventeenth—a resolution was adopted declaring Sherman to be their second choice. Sherman's friends claim the delegation will be solid for Sherman at Chicago.

The Connecticut Democrats met at Hartford yesterday, in Convention. At one time during the proceedings there was a good deal of wrangling over the delegates, but the personal magnetism of Chairman Waller, who, abandoning the Chair, took a position on the floor, and made a telling speech, which saved the convention from expressing any preference for or antagonism to any presidential candidate. The work of the convention can be summed up as follows: It has chosen nine Tilden delegates out of the twelve, limited the platform to a simple agreement to support the Democratic nominee, and sent its delegates uninstructed, except to support the two-thirds rule, at Cincinnati.

The South Carolina Republicans held their convention yesterday, and all the delegates were instructed for the ex-President. Several of the delegates were Sherman men, but are pledged to vote for Grant.

—Without official aid, and entirely through its own enterprise, the Philadelphia *Press* surprised its patrons and spread consternation among the corrupt politicians of Philadelphia, on Monday, by exposing glaring frauds in the matter of tavern licenses in that city. It gave the history of a systematic scheme of swindling, which has been carried on for a long period of years, and showed how certain officials in the Court of Common Pleas have been pocketing the license fees, instead of turning them into the Treasury. About two thousand license bonds were found to be bogus, and the securities upon them forgeries. The Court has taken the matter in hand, and will doubtless order an investigation.

—An item of news from Harrisburg is thus happily stated in this mornings' Philadelphia *Press*: "The criminal element of the Democratic party of Philadelphia has been holding high carnival in Harrisburg for the last thirty-six hours, and enough of the patriots are already in Dauphin county Jail to organize a convention of their own. The list of the killed and wounded, however, are still far from being complete, and it will be a day or two before the exact cost of the harmony, which is to prevail to-day, can be fully ascertained."

—Senator Logan is reported to feel discouraged concerning Grant's prospects for securing the Illinois delegation, but he insists that the ex-President is a candidate just the same. He says: "General Grant is in the hands of his friends, and they will not withdraw him until he is beaten, no matter how many ballots are taken. That is the whole case."

—At the Democratic love feast which convened at Harrisburg yesterday, a fine dish of crow was partaken of by many of the Democratic fraternity who would have much preferred a more relishing repast.

BOSTON TOPICS.

EDITOR GAZETTE:—The Channing memorial services and politics, especially the part Massachusetts will play in the Chicago convention, have been the two most absorbing topics of public interest here within the last few weeks, and as such they will probably be attractive to your readers. It will hardly be worth while to attempt a sketch of Channing's life for its main features are well known; still I will venture to make slight gleanings here and there from some of the many recent discourses concerning a man who so moulded the thought and religious sentiment of New England that pure humanitarianism, which to the Puritans was rank heresy, is the common belief to-day. Born one hundred years ago, this seventh of April, at Newport, his numerous admirers and followers celebrated that day by laying there at his native place the corner stone of a memorial church and in calling to mind elsewhere in the various Unitarian Churches his life and his character. These services have so prominently brought him before the public that every thing connected with him is eagerly sought for and I am told that both at the book stores and the Libraries, Channing is quite the rage; so much so, that several new biographical sketches of him have been recently published. As this is the fact I will not make excuses for largely using in this letter the thoughts of others. Transcendentalism is probably more widely believed in here than elsewhere, and said one, "Jonathan Edwards might, indeed, be called the first transcendentalist, and looking back to the time when he lived and preached his stern unyielding doctrines, it is an easy matter to trace this influence in a direct line from him to Emerson, through Samuel Hopkins and William Ellery Channing.

Edwards preached in Northampton during the middle of the eighteenth century. With him Samuel Hopkins prepared for the ministry and became his great expounder. Upon many points he openly disagreed with him, and through this disagreement the "Hopkins Schism," which became quite a serious matter in New England, was developed. Some of Hopkins's ideas were that real holiness consists in disinterested benevolence, that sin is selfishness, and that all accountable sins are personal.

He settled at Newport, and here Channing, who was then a boy, came under his influence.

When Channing was at the height of his power in Boston, Emerson studied theology under his direction, and was powerfully influenced by his preaching. But he in turn went further than his teacher, as he before had outstripped his own, and as that teacher had gone in advance of the first in this distinguished line of four, Edwards, Hopkins, Channing, and Emerson. In three particular things Edwards, Channing, and Emerson agree, and are in perfect accord. First, in the love of nature. This was earnest in Edwards, who would ride in rapt devotion through the woods which covered the Berkshire hills; strong in Channing, to whom the love of God was revealed as he walked along the beach at Newport; intense in Emerson, who found inspiration in the somewhat tame surroundings of Concord. It came from their transcendentalism, their beholding the outward world as the mirror of God. Second, they were all men of one family, partaking of the heavenly flame of duty, and consequently all were strongly philanthropic and deeply interested in practical reform.

Third, in the belief that religion is interior, a communion of each soul with God, a light and not a ritual. Edwards believed every word of the Bible, but he also thought that religion came as an inward revelation, was a oneness with God, and not a conformity, not the acceptance of a creed or the observance of a ritual. Channing had a sincere respect for the Bible, a devoted love of Christ; but to him religion had life and character, inward conformity to the attractions of God's love. Emerson has discarded all the outward in every form, and finds in religion simply the soul's harmony with nature." It seemed hardly possible to praise Channing enough. "He was pronounced a greater deliverer than any political deliverer inasmuch as religious liberty is of greater moment than any other liberty." "Love of nature was a marked trait of his character, but it was love of nature as a work of God rather than as a thing of beauty." "The nation naturally first honors its creators; it venerates next those who are great in art and science; but above all others, she puts those who are eminent in moral instruction, her saints, among whom will stand foremost for all time the noble, spiritual, Channing." "His Unitarianism was based on an undying faith in God, trust in his love; an undying belief in the possibilities of human nature, faith in man; and a pure free thinking, liberal, rationalism; these were the underlying principles of his character."

But to turn to politics. What of the old Bay State? The answer is very simple. Hostility both to Grant and Blaine, but more especially to Blaine. Any candidate is preferable to these two, is the common remark—in fact, Edmunds was only brought forward at the Worcester Convention for the sake of having an entirely unexceptional candidate to place against these two. The *Herald* leads the attack on both; against Grant there seems to be reason, for his tour though the country is disgusting people and forcing them to the conclusion that he is absolutely seeking the nomination and resorting to the tactics of a demagogue to obtain it, in order that his pride and fondness for official position may be satisfied. The *Herald* but a day or so since had a long article charging Grant with being the head and front of the third term movement, and classing Conkling, Cameron and Logan simply as his aids; asserting also that the plans were laid before the expiration of his second term, and if they now failed, he would at once prepare for 1884, willing to accept the nomination from either party. The people also have not forgotten his last term when dishonesty and corruption appeared to carry every thing before them, sitting as it were enthroned in high places, often as his constitutional advisers. Against Blaine however it is really a feeling of state pride for did he not bitterly lash Massachusetts in the Senate but a year or so since. To be sure this is not the reason given, but the inability or unwillingness to explain the Milliken letters; supposed connection with congressional corruptionists, and the actions of a mere politician, are the charges brought against him; and as to the amount of truth in such charges your readers can judge. Though elsewhere the mass of the people want Blaine, yet in the convention Massachusetts will bitterly oppose him, and if it comes to a contest between Grant and Blaine, Grant will have the vote of Massachusetts. It was this feeling against both that led to the endorsing of Edmunds as one who stands forth pre-eminent in statesmanship and purity of character. H. P.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

We last week spoke of the great merit of the books being issued by I. K. Funk & Co., New York. They are rapidly adding to the list of their Standard Series. The latest publications are "Letters to Workmen and Laborers," by John Ruskin, issued in two parts, price of each, 15 cents, and Tennyson's "Idyls of the King," price 20 cents. It is unnecessary to dilate upon these works. Ruskin's reputation as a writer is world-wide, and the Poet-Laureate of England, never wrote anything more beautiful than these Idyls. Those who want these volumes in cheap and convenient form, can obtain them in the Standard edition of I. K. Funk & Co.

THE AMERICAN ANTIQUARIAN

is published by Jameson & Morse, 104 Clark St., Chicago Ill., and is edited by Stephen D. Peet. This magazine fills an important place in Literature. It is devoted to the Historic and Prehistoric Antiquities of America. This continent reveals as curious and strange records of the past, as do the plains of Troy or the ruins of Nineveh, but there are few who know anything about them. A journal which has for its object, then, to gather up the facts concerning these must be very welcome. The editor has made a specialty of these subjects for many years. He is assisted by gentlemen who are connected with Government surveys, and has correspondents in every part of the United States. The magazine has an Oriental Department which is ably conducted, and it is the design of the editor ultimately to embrace all countries within its scope, so as to give a record of investigations throughout the world.

—The Coroner's jury in the De Young case at San Francisco rendered a verdict charging Kalloch with the murder. One witness testified that De Young fired the first shot.

—The entire town of Red Bluff, California, turned out, the other day, to celebrate the nuptials of a Chinaman to an Indian girl from a tribe in that vicinity. This uniting of races is the first on record in California, and naturally excited a lively interest.

—Peter Linderglein, of Reading, Pa., has for forty-three years carried his dinner-kettle with him to his work, and has had cold dinners during that long period. He has never worked under cover, and has not lost a day through sickness, although exposed to all kinds of weather.

—The Pennsylvania Railroad Company are about commencing the erection of spacious passenger station, at Camden, to accommodate the increased travel over the Amboy division of the road and the West Jersey Railroad; also, to accommodate the rush over the new road to Atlantic City.

—Six hundred peasants near Verona, Italy, who were dying of starvation, set fire to a wood in order to be arrested, and thus saved from the fate which appeared imminent. Other extreme cases of a similar nature are reported from various parts of the country.

A Reading dispatch says: While engaged in loading sand from an excavation near Topton, this county, Reuben Geist and his son, Richard, were covered by a cave-in of a large portion of the bank. The father succeeded in working his head through the surface, but the son was smothered to death. The elder Geist was much bruised.

—General Grant has written a letter stating that he will not be present at the meeting of the Army of the Potomac, at Burlington, Vt., on the 15th of June. He expects to go the Rocky Mountains for a few weeks, and will not go east of Illinois before fall. Joaquin Miller will deliver the poem, and Judge Bradley, of New York, the oration. A parade of the National Guard of the State, a boat ride on the lake, a banquet, etc., have been decided upon.

—Thomas McCarthy was arrested at Pittsburg, last Friday night, while suffering from delirium tremens, whereupon he accused himself of the drowning of a friend, Frank Pinkman, and subsequent investigation discovered that Pinkman was missing. Since then a body has been recovered near the point designated by McCarthy, and it is now believed that the two went to the river, when McCarthy attempted suicide, but Pinkman endeavored to prevent it, and in the struggle that ensued, was thrown down and held under the water until he was dead.

—Dubois, Clearfield, is one of the marvels of industrial progress in this State. It was named after John Dubois, who, a number of years ago, bought a large tract of land there—some 32,000 acres in all. In 1872 where the city now stands was a vast pine and hemlock wilderness. Now it is a hive of industry—lath and shingle machines, planing, etc. He has built about three miles of canal, and about one and one-half miles (trunked canal) planked on sides and bottom. There has been up to the present time about 4,000 acres of timber cut and manufactured into lumber. It is estimated that it will take twenty to twenty-five years to exhaust the timber on this tract. A fine four-story brick hotel and store have also been erected and a number of handsome residences. Dubois contains about 2,000 souls, several fine churches and school houses, hotels and boarding houses in abundance, stores of all kinds—in fact, all kinds of business is well represented.

☞GIVEN UP BY DOCTORS.—"Is it possible that Mr. Goldfrey is up and at work, and cured by so simple a remedy?"

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"Well-a-day! That is remarkable! I will go this day and get some for my poor George—I know hops are good."

☞Hop Bitters, 90 cents a bottle at Dr. Pursell's.

NEWS ITEMS.

—Some of the iron workers at York have a ruck for an advance of 15 cents a day.

—John Maguire was run over by cars at Altoona on Saturday afternoon and killed. He leaves a wife and several children.

—William E. Augusta, colored, son of John Augusta, of Norristown, has been appointed to $900 clerkship in the pension office at Washington.

—A man has just been shot in Indiana for attempting to torment a newly-married couple, and a jury could be found who would clear the murderer.

—Isaac Mills, a laborer in the employ of Robert Burns, living near Darlington's Corners, Chester county, committed suicide on Saturday by taking a dose of Paris green.

—Miss Minick, of Wolf's Store, Centre county, who is now 24 years old, has a head the size of a half bushel measure. Other portions of the body are of normal proportions.

—The weight of the silver coin now lying in the vaults of the Treasury is 850 tons, all of which is at the disposal of the men who were so clamorous for the dollars of our fathers.

—Of the new post offices established in this State since January 1, one in Butler county is named "Pinafore" and one "Buttercup," and in Northumberland county one is named "Hebe."

—Not a drop of water remains of what was once Ruby lake in Nevada, which was, some years ago, twenty miles long, varying from half a mile to three miles in breadth and very deep.

—During the past nine months forty vessels, containing 201 persons, were wrecked on the Jersey coast. Of this number, 199 were assisted by the crews of life-saving stations, only two having perished.

—Pope Leo XIII. was extolled in forty-nine different languages by the scholars of the Propaganda, in poems, on the anniversary of his elevation to the throne, on the 18th inst., when a grand fete was held.

—An Oil City *Derrick* reporter came across an old gentleman a few days ago working three wells from which he was getting about two barrels a day, paying him 55 cents each. This was on an investment of $10,000.

—Nothing official has yet transpired regarding the retirement of Judge Key from the Cabinet. It is known, however, that if the President should tender the Postmaster General the United States Judgeship of Tennessee, made vacant by the death of Judge Trigg, he will accept it.

—Building is reported slack in Camden, from the fact that advantage was taken by capitalists, when material and labor was at the lowest price, to erect a large number of houses for which there was no demand. They are now rapidly being occupied, and it is expected the continued inquiry for dwellings will soon cause the same revival in building operations which has marked all other kinds of business.

—The rush of emigrants through Pittsburgh is very large. Among the latest transits were about two hundred Mormons from different parts of England. There were ten Mormon preachers in the party, who went to England some time ago to persuade these people to go to Utah, whither they are now bound. The whole party was in charge of Elder Bunting. The balance of the party of emigrants were composed of Irish, Welsh, Swedes, Germans, Hollanders, French and Italians, all of whom told a story of destitution and misery.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Dyspepsia! Dyspepsia! Dyspepsia

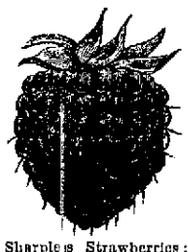
E. F. Kunkel's Bitter Wine of Iron, a sure cure for this disease. It has been prescribed daily for many years in the practice of eminent physicians with unparalleled success. Symptoms are loss of appetite, wind and rising of food, dryness in mouth, headache, dizziness, sleeplessness and low spirits. Get the genuine. Not sold in bulk, only $1.00 bottles, or six bottles for $5.00. Ask your druggist for **E. F. Kunkel's Bitter Wine of Iron**, and if he has it not, send to proprietor, **E. F. Kunkel**, 259 North Ninth Street, Philadelphia, Pa. Advice free; enclose 3-cent stamp.

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in 1879.

KIEFFER'S HYBRID PEARS, BLIGHT PROOF, hardy and productive, bears early; fruit large and of good quality. Evergreens, Fruit, Shade and ornamental trees. Plants, Flowers, suitable for Street, Lawns and Gardens. Send for catalogue.

WILLIAM PARRY,
Cinnaminson, N. J.

ARNOLD'S
WATER PROOF
STOVE GLOSS.

It not only gives a very beautiful and brilliant polish, but prevents rust, and is free from dust and dirt.

Satisfaction guaranteed, or money refunded.

Ask your grocer for it.

EDWARD BUSCH,
(Graduate of the Leipzig Conservatory,)
TEACHER OF MUSIC,

Especially VIOLIN, FLUTE, and PIANO, also other Instruments and Harmony.
Lessons given at pupils' residences, and upon reasonable terms. PIANOS carefully tuned.
Address: EDWARD BUSCH,
Care of Mr. H. U. HOWES, Bristol, Pa.

BRISTOL.

J. Wesley Wright,

Next to Canal Bridge,

MILL STREET,

BRISTOL, PA.

1880. SPRING. 1880.

I am now opening some of the latest novelties in

SPRING GOODS,

Consisting of

DRESS FABRICS,

in great variety.

ALL WOOL BLACK CASHMERES,

ALL WOOL BLACK CASHMERES.

Cloths for Ladies' SACQUES and ULSTERS,

And Children's SUITINGS.

Hamburgs, Hamburgs, Hamburgs!

from 5c. yard up. Just received.

LADIES' MISSES and CHILDREN'S HOSIERY,

Comprising some of the very latest novelties in

STRIPES,

SOLID COLORS

and EMBROIDERED.

LADIES' BALBRIGGAN HOSE, Silk Embroidered, at 25c. pair.

LADIES' UNDERGARMENTS,

LADIES' UNDERGARMENTS,

SKIRTS,

NIGHT DRESSES,

CHEMISES,

DRAWERS,

CORSET COVERS,

INFANTS SLIPS and ROBES,

CHILDRENS' DRESSES.

LACES, RIBBONS, FRINGES, SILKS

LISLE THREAD and KID GLOVES.

Corsets! Corsets!! Corsets!!!

Large variety of prices.

TRIMMING SILKS

and SATINS,

All shades.

TABLE LINENS, TOWELS,

TOWELING and NAPKINS.

CARPETS,

OIL CLOTHS,

WINDOW SHADES.

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS:

GRANITE,

PORCELAIN

and GLASS WARE,

ROGER'S

SILVER PLATED WARE,

WOOD and WILLOW WARE.

Grocery Department,

Full and complete.

BUTTERICK & CO'S.,

MARCH FASHION SHEET,

Now ready.

PHILADELPHIA.

STRAWBRIDGE & CLOTHIER

Desire prominently to invite attention to their magnificent line of

MEDIUM-WEIGHT DRESS GOODS.

Especially adapted to the weather of

MAY AND JUNE,

And for country, seaside, mountain and travelling wear later on.

The experience of past seasons has shown us that in our climate, a class of Dress Textures is demanded equally removed from the thick fabrics of winter and the thin textures of summer. We have accordingly arranged for an altogether exceptional assortment of this class of Fabrics in French, English and American Goods and now submit a stock which must command universal attention as by the testimony of numerous merchants it has no equal.

As fairly representing the class of goods referred to, we name the following:

46 Inch Granite Cloth, In Choice Shade	87½c.	**Royal Satin Cloths.** In Desirable Shades.	50.
Illuminated Granite. Very Scarce and Desirable.	$1.00.	**Melange Chevrons,** In Beige Mixed Colorings.	25c.
46 Inch Pekin Foule. Extra Quality and Cheap.	75c.	**Melange Granite Cloths,** In Beige Mixed Shadings.	28c.
Illuminated Chevrons. 46 Inches in Width.	87½c.	**44 Inch Camel's Hair,** In Beautiful Light Shadings.	50c.
46 Inch Powder Cloth, Would Cost More to Import.	$1 00.	**Illuminated Beige,** All Wool and Suitable for Country Wear.	25c.
New Cords and Armures, In Wonderful Variety.	87½c.	**Choice Mohair Melanges.**	At 25, 28 and 31 Cents.
Granite Cloths and Pekins, In Bewildering Assortment.	$1 00.	Special Bargains at These Prices.	
Cordettes, Rayes, Pekins, Polka Dots, Faconnes and Crepe Verginia, at $1.25. In the Newest French Colorings.		**Novel British Foncies,**	At 30, 37½ and 50c
		Adapted for Trimming and Surtouts.	
Cashmere Beige, All Wool and 11 Inches Wide.	50c.	**In Our Novelty Department,** We Have For **TRIMMINGS**	
45 Inch Beige Verginia, Splendid for Service.	75c.	The largest and most Beautiful Combinations of Colorings, and the Greatest Range of Prices to be found in Philadelphia.	
French Cashmere, Double Width.	50c.	In connection with the above List of Goods suitable for present wear we mention our wonderful stock of	
23 Inch Cashmere Beige, In Gray and Brown Shades.	28c.	**French Black Cashmeres**	
44 Inch Granite Mohairs, Would Cost to-day 75 cts.	62½c.	Our importations this season were exceptionally large, but the demand has been unprecedented in consequence of its increasing popularity of the goods we offer. Our stock is still complete in every grade and width,	
44 Inch Granite Mohairs, In Beautiful Beige Colorings.	56c.	**From 40 Cents to $2.00 per Yard**	
Granite Cloths, 34 Inches in Width.	40 and 50 c.	We are just opening a new invoice of our own **Silk Warp Henrietta Cloth,**	
		The last we shall receive the present season. The prices are still as last year and the goods identically the same.	

Ladies who cannot spare the time to visit the city and personally inspect this wonderful exhibit should avail themselves of the advantages offered by our

MAIL ORDER DEPARTMENT.

STRAWBRIDGE & CLOTHIER,

EIGHTH AND MARKET STS., PHILA.

1880. SPRING. 1880.

CARD.

The readers of this card are respectfully invited to call and see our offerings for the Spring of 1880.

We Have Used Our Best Endeavors

in selecting, and much of the large stock has been engaged at a small advance (in comparison of the present prices), and we believe we are offering such inducements to buyers as can be met with in but few places in Philadelphia.

Large assortment Dress Goods now ready.
Large assortment Black Goods, best makes.
Large assortment Skirts and Skirtings open.
Large assortment Muslin Underwear on hand.
Large assortment Goods for Men and Boys' wear.
Large assortment Muslins, Flannels, Tickings, etc.
Large assortment Hosiery, Gloves, Handkerchiefs, etc.

Large assortment of almost everything needed for a personal or house-furnishing outfit; all at the very lowest possible prices. When next in the City please call and see our offerings for the Spring of 1880, and oblige,

JOHN MOORE & CO.,

517 and 519 North Second Street, above Noble,

PHILADELPHIA, PA.

DRY GOODS, CARPETS, MATTINGS.

V. E. ARCHAMBAULT,

N. E. CORNER ELEVENTH and MARKET STREETS, PHILA.

CARPET DEPARTMENT.

Tapestry Brussels Carpets, new styles, 90c., $1.
Ingrain Carpets, extra superfine, 75, 87c., $1.
Ingrain Carpets, wool filling, 25, 31, 37, 50c.
Entry and Stair Carpets, all-wool, 25, 31, 37, 50, 62, 75c.
Hemp Cottage and Rag Carpets, 20, 25, 31, 37, 50c.
Floor Oil Cloths, full assortment, 30, 40, 50, 62, 75c.
Window Shading, all colors, 12, 15, 20, 25c.
Window Shades, ready-made, 50, 62, 75c.

MATTINGS. MATTINGS. MATTINGS.

1,000 Rolls White, Red Check and Fancy Mattings, at 18, 20, 25, 31, 35, 40, 45, 50c.

CHEAP LOT OF DRY GOODS.

Black French Cashmere, all-wool, 50, 62, 75c.
Spring Dress Goods, great variety, 12, 15, 20c.
Damask Table Linens, 25, 31, 37, 50, 62, 75c.
Nottingham Lace for Window Curtains, 25, 36, 50c.
Table Napkins and Towels, 5, 6, 7, 8, 10, 12c.
Sheeting and Pillow Muslins, 12, 15, 18, 20, 25c.

N. E. CORNER ELEVENTH and MARKET STREETS, PHILA.

IVINS & BRO.,
66 N. 2nd. St.
Near Arch st.,
PHILADELPHIA.

We advise our friends to purchase as early as possible, as prices must advance. We have carpets to match all the new styles of furniture. We give reliable goods at the lowest prices.

FURNITURE,
CARPETS,
BEDDING,
FEATHERS.

CARPET STORE.

GREEN'S OLD RELIABLE CARPET STORE,

No. 323 North Second Street Philadelphia,

CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, WINDOW SHADES, MATTINGS, STAIR RODS, MATS, RUGS, &c.

All the new Spring Styles. The best quality and the lowest prices. All goods warranted.

PAYNE G. GREEN.

GEORGE WENZEL'S
DOUBLE STORE,

Only one minutes' walk from NINTH AND GREEN STREET DEPOT, where you can find one of the largest assortment of

China,
Glass and
Queensware,

at the lowest market prices.

Stone China Tea Setts,
46 Pieces, from $3.25 upwards.
Stone China Toilet Setts,
$1.75 upwards
Decorated Tea Setts,
44 Pieces, from $7.50 upwards.

Call and be convinced.

537 & 539 N. Eighth St., below Green.

TO BUSINESS MEN.

10,000 BOXES,

13 SAMPLE BOTTLES,

HARRISON'S

WRITING INKS,

FLUID and MUCILAGE,

GIVEN AWAY.

(Value of samples $1.00.)

No better INKS in the World. Once tried always used.

☞Express charges only to be paid by parties ordering samples.

HARRISON MANUFACTURING CO.,
512 Broadway,
New York.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

Bucks County Gazette.

Thursday, April 29, 1880.

BRISTOL POST OFFICE.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

PHILADELPHIA—Arrives 7:00 and 8:30 A. M., and 2:00 and 6:00 P. M. Closes 6:00 and 10:00 A. M., 2:00 and 5:45 P. M.

NEW YORK—Arrives 7:00 and 11:00 A. M., and 6:45 P. M. Closes 8:00 and 11:00 A. M., 1:30, 4:00 and 5:45 P. M.

WESTERN—Arrives 10:00 A. M.

BELVIDERE, TULLYTOWN, PENN VALLEY AND MORRISVILLE—Arrives 4.00 P. M. Closes 8:00 A. M.

TRENTON—Arrives 10:00 A. M and 4:00 and 6:45 P. M. Closes 8:00 A. M., and 2:00 and 4:00 P. M.

DOYLESTOWN, NEWTOWN, &c.—Arrives 11:30 A. M. Closes 12:00 M.

OXFORD VALLEY, FALLSINGTON AND EMILIE—Arrives 10:00 A. M. Closes 11:00 A. M.

Mails for the West and South go by every Philadelphia mail.

Last direct mail for New York City closes at 7:10.

W. B. BAKER, P. M.

SHEETS.

—The artesian well at Peirce's mill has reached a depth of 325 feet.

—Business is quite brisk on the canal. Many boats come down every day.

—The windows of the millinery stores look gayer than many flower gardens.

—County Superintendent Woodruff was in town this week visiting the schools.

—The Rolling mill is closed a few days for the purpose of giving the place a thorough overhauling.

—The Choral Society's closing concert for the season will be given on May 18th, at which time Farmer's Mass in B. Flat will be sung.

—Rev. H. J. Lee, formerly pastor of the Presbyterian Church of Bristol, has resigned charge of the Presbyterian Church of Pottstown.

—Rev. W. H. Conard will preach an illustrated sermon next Sunday evening, in the Baptist Church. Subject.—Christ Feeding the Multitudes.

—While Prof. Woodruff is visiting in this neighborhood he can utilize his spare time in considering why Bristol should not be selected as the place for holding the next County Teachers' Institute.

—Rev. J. H. Morgan, now located at Albany, N. Y., and who is a graduate to the ministry of the African M. E. Church from Bristol, was in town several days this week, and preached at the colored church on Sunday evening.

—John Riley, the tramp who, on the 23d of February was arrested in Bristol, and sent to Doylestown, for violation of the tramp act, was on Tuesday tried at Doylestown. The jury brought in a verdict of not guilty, from which it would seem that the much commended tramp law is not of much effect.

—The illustrated sermon by Rev. W. H. Conard, at the Baptist Church, on Sunday evening, was very interesting. The discourse was upon the parable relating to the two houses which were built respectively upon the sand and upon the rock. The pictures were capital aids in bringing out the strong points of the subject.

—H. Clay Beatty Post, G. A. R., was visited on Tuesday evening, by a delegation from Trenton. A camp-fire was held at Cabeen's Hall, and the time was spent in the enjoyable manner always to be expected upon occasions of this character. The fife and drum corps turned out in force, and acquitted itself admirably.

—Capt. William J. Jones, Fish Warden, captured a set net, which was anchored off Tullytown, late Saturday night. It contained ten shad. The owner of the net has not yet applied for his property, and as he will be subject to a fine of twenty-five dollars if discovered, for violation of the fishing laws, he is not likely to make his appearance very soon.

—The tramp who was captured by Constable Saxton, after an exciting chase, and taken to Doylestown, was yesterday sentenced to jail. He claimed that he had just got out of work at a rolling-mill when arrested, and was not a professional tramp. The Judge asked to see his hands, and after seeing them, concluded that they were entirely too soft and tender to have been so recently employed in iron working. If it had not been for this, the prisoner would probably have been acquitted, as Judge Watson is not an ardent believer in the enforcement of the tramp law.

—List of Letters remaining in the Bristol Post office, Wednesday, April 28th, 1880.—Lilly Ackers. Wm. P. Albright, Jack Britton, Patrick Boyle, Felix Boyce, Henry Boyle, James Crossin, John Drugan, John Davis, Maggie R. Dugan, Wm. Eckel, Wm. J. Ferguson, Patrick Fallon, Kate Fie', John Gallaher, Mrs. Wm. H. Hibbs, Mr. H. Hibbs. John Lambert, Capt. John Mullican, Wm. McFailand, Thomas McGee, Mrs. Michael McGarvey, Daniel McGee, Henry H. Robison, Mrs. Daniel Sippit, Mrs. S. V. Stackhouse, Mrs. Annie Smith, Elizah Thomas, Caroline Ward, Patrick Ward, T. Wilkinson, (Carpet Manufacturer).

—Not longer than a month ago an incident in this neighborhood created considerable talk. As it was of a nature not within proper bounds for newspaper comment, no allusion was made to the matter in the GAZETTE. It is, therefore, with some surprise, and no little amusement, that the GAZETTE has heard that it was bulldozed, so to speak, into keeping an account of the affair out of its columns. The person who started this boom forgot to state that it was only after the GAZETTE office was threatened with destruction by bombardment from a Mauch Chunk canal boat, anchored out in the river, that it succumbed and agreed to keep silence.

—At the Methodist Church, last Friday evening, a sociable was held by the Sunday School. The program consisted of recitations and vocal music. As was hinted, in our allusion to the affair in last week's issue, some of the participants were subjected to a pleasant surprise. Near the close of the exercises, J. Wesley Wright arose for the purpose of making a few remarks, and to all appearances, entirely innocent of any other design than benefiting the audience by his advice, but before he got through, the pastor, Rev. Dr. Cunningham, found himself unexpectedly considering what reply he would be able to offer in accepting a handsome and comfortable looking chair, which Mr. Wright presented on behalf of the school. In addition to this, Mrs. Cunningham was presented with an album containing autographs of the officers and teachers of the school.

—The colored folks at Doylestown, as far as church matters are concerned, do not get along with that harmony that is looked for among true Christians. There seems to be considerable of the old Adam left in their natures. One of their periodical love feasts occurred last Sunday, and it is thus described in the Doylestown correspondence of the Langhorne *Beacon*: "One of the richest (if not the most moral), entertainments that it has been our pleasure to witness, took place at the A. M. E. Church on Sunday last. We arrived on the ground just in time to see the performance. This church has been a bone of contention between two factions of colored people for some time. It has figured in two courts and been the subject of one Sheriff's sale. It was purchased by Samuel Hall some time ago, and he being a man of peace, and desiring to unite the two discordant elements gave them both permission to use it for a house of prayer. On the day in question both parties wanted it, not apparently for divine worship, but for a sort of slaughter house. The notorious Jim Morris, with his ally Peterson, got in first, they nailed the door and placed all the benches against it to make it secure against invasion. Opening one of the windows they waited for the other party to come along. Presently appeared upon the ground the minister and about twenty-five others. They demanded admittance but were answered with curses and a grand flourish of corn knives from within the building. They pounded in part of the door, and threatened vengeance in words neither mild nor choice. Morris, however, with his corn knife held the fort, after a five hours skirmish, when they compromised the affair by allowing both men to preach. It was a little amusing and yet disgusting to hear prayer, praise and supplication coming from the same lips that had but a few minutes before been foul with curses. It was announced that unless a disturbance was kicked up, the Lord's Supper would be administered immediately after service."

RELIEF FOR REFUGEES.

Among the purely American questions of to-day, those which thrust themselves upon the people and demand thought and attention, the "Kansas Refugees" stands prominent. For the gratification of the benevolent citizens of Bristol who have lent their aid to the sufferers, we publish the letter of acknowledgement for the $75 00 sent to Mrs. Comstock. It is always gratifying to feel that efforts, however small, have been acceptable, and have helped to lessen the overwhelming amount of misery and want which fills the world :—

TOPEKA, KANSAS, April 10th, 1880.

M. E. RANKIN,—

Dear Friend :—Mrs. Comstock wishes me to write to you, for her, and acknowledge the receipt of money you sent her for the colored refugees. Enclosed please find her receipt for the same. I can assure you the help at this time is greatly appreciated as we are providing homes and getting places of employment for hundreds of these long oppressed people who are coming here to try and be free in the true significance of the word. Thousands have already been helped to places of employment through our instrumentality and we get good accounts of their capabilities and industriousness.

We are very much engaged in getting some of this surplus colored emigration into other states as Kansas cannot possibly find labor for them all. Mrs. Comstock went to Nebraska and induced the people of that state to take some of these colored refugees. We sent up one car-load of these people to Nebraska and they gave such good satisfaction that we are receiving letters every day asking that more may be sent. We sent another company last week. Our railroad fares alone for these people have amounted to over four thousand dollars in six months. But we feel assured that the best way we can benefit them is to get them into positions where they can be self supporting and preserve their true manhood.

The Lord bless all the kind friends who remember us in this our trying time and send us help to enable us to carry on this work in a way that will be best pleasing to Him.

Truly Yours, Susan T. Perry,
FOR MRS. COMSTOCK.

—General Schall, of Norristown, supervisor of the census for this district, has subdivided Bucks county as follows, and his action has been approved by the authorities at Washington. It is desired that no subdistrict shall have more than about three thousand inhabitants: Bristol borough, First ward, Second ward, Third ward, Bristol, twp., Bedminster, Bensalem, Bridgeton, Buckingham (two districts), Doylestown borough, Doylestown township, Durham, Falls, Haycock, (two districts), Hulmeville, Langhorne borough, Lower Makefield, Upper Makefield, Middletown, Milford, (two districts), Morrisville, New Britan, New Hope, Newtown borough, Newtown township, Nockamixon, Northampton, Perkasie borough, Plumstead, Quakertown borough, Rockhill East, Rockhill, West Richland, Sellersville borough, Solebury, Southampton, Springfield (two districts), Tinicum, Warminster, Warrington, Warwick, Wrightstown.

—The officials of the G. A. R. of the State say that in fixing the observance of Decoration Day upon the 31st of May they acted under a general law of 1876, which it is claimed abrogates the special act of 1874, and which provides that when legal holidays fall on Sunday they shall be observed on the Monday following, and that notes due on that day are payable on Tuesday, although banks are authorized not to give notice of protests until Wednesday.

—The 115-acre farm of Edward Yost, in Doylestown township, Bucks county, has been sold to John G. Smith, of Carlisle City, England, for $14,250. Mr. Smith married a Bucks county lady many years ago, and expects to make this his home.

—The case of poisoning Aaron W. Knight's cows was settled by the prosecutor at Doylestown, and he did not appear against the defendant.

—James McCue, of Bristol, was yesterday sentenced by Judge Watson to thirty days in the county jail, for assault and battery upon G. W. Rue.

—The paper published at Hulmeville states that carpenters are in demand in Bristol. This will be news to our resident carpenters.

—Dr. D. W. Bartine has sold his farm, near Centre School, Bensalem, to John Muehler, for $3,000.

—Typhoid fever is quite prevalent in the vicinity of Fox Chase, Bucks county.

—William Tyler is agent for the *Court Gazette*.

LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE.

Sunday Æsthetics Again.

EDITOR GAZETTE :—The writer of the article in your last issue constructs from my remarks of the week previous a man of straw, which he demolishes with much skill and great apparent self-satisfaction. He is much mistaken in assuming that I am of those who think that Sunday—or as he calls it, the Sabbath—is well spent in mere pleasure seeking or amusement. If the exhibition at the Academy of Fine Arts does not do more than gratify the desire for entertainment, it had better be closed. I claim that such exhibitions do accomplish more. Pictures and statuary educate the sentiments, and are valuable aids to refinement and culture. Volumes could be written to prove this, but it is rather late in the history of the world to argue about the benefits of the fine arts.

There can be no difference between the philosophy of your correspondent and myself in regard to the addition of a less evil to a greater one increasing the total. The difference occurs in defining what is evil. My critic is convinced that picture galleries and reading-rooms on Sunday are evils, as certainly as taverns and liquor saloons, differing only in degree. I think that picture galleries and reading rooms are not only not evils, but blessings; and I will probably continue to be thus deluded until it is shown that by the multiplication of such institutions the taverns and saloons are made more detrimental to religion and morality, and the evils of intemperance increased. I fail to see how anything which tends to bless and benefit mankind during the week changes to a curse by being used on Sunday.

My conservative friend is no more opposed to variety shows and similar exhibitions—with which he seems to be very familiar—than I am, but I hold that if they are evils they should not be tolerated on Sunday or any other day. He seems very well satisfied to have all the objectionable things he enumerates in full blow during the week. The community, without any protest from him, is six days in the week left to contend with these debasing influences, and the powerful clamor of "religious enthusiasts" and "fanatics," which is so easily aroused against them on one day in the week, is silent. Nevertheless, the community refuses to become debased. But the people who are so able to discriminate between the good and the bad six days in the week, and in a majority of cases choose the good, become suddenly weak on Sunday, and if permitted to spend a portion of the day in picture galleries are in danger of becoming demoralized. If the danger is so great I beg that the keen scrutiny of "E. O. E." be turned in another direction. If he fears Sunday concerts and the concatenation of of evils that he claims will follow in their train, let him look toward the churches and set up his warning cry. In many churches, at great expense, singers, who perhaps sing in opera and upon the stage, are employed especially to attract congregations who would else find the services dull and unattractive. I consider that attendance upon Sunday concerts of sacred music would not be any more objectionable, and not as much, as attending church ostensibly to serve God, but in reality to be entertained by fine music. Even in Bristol, in one of the Sunday Schools, if I am not misinformed, it has been found necessary to introduce a a violin to add to the attraction of the services, and in the same issue of the paper, which contains the criticism upon my former communication, was a notice that a series of sermons illustrated with paintings was about to be begun at one of the churches. Of course, I don't object to these things in themselves; if they are only extended a little further all that I favored will be accomplished. But I fail to understand why, if music and pictures on Sunday are so certain to produce demoralization and moral degeneracy, they are tolerated in the churches.

Let it be understood that I desire to encourage nothing that would prevent the peaceable observance of Sunday. If each person is permitted to spend Sunday in whatever manner he chooses, so that it is not immoral, and does not infringe upon the rights of others, the cause of Christianity will not suffer as much as it did by the illiberality and bigotry of "our ancestors who, abandoning home and friends, came to an unknown country that they might peacefully worship their maker," by persecuting and exiling those who claimed the same religious rights and privileges with themselves. ÆSTHETIC.

—In Court at Doylestown, on Monday, Gonzalez, who was indicted for stealing watches and jewelry of S. H. Walton, of Newtown, confessed his guilt. He also told where the the stolen articles were hidden, and upon search Mr. Walton found most of his goods packed away in a pile of lumber at Watson & Buckman's yard.

☞Bazar Sale No. 11, will be held in the Temperance House Yard, Langhorne, on Saturday, May 1st. These sales have been very successful the past season, and will hereafter be continued every month. On the 1st of May a large lot of Horses, Mules, Cows, and Carriages will be sold.

☞W. Grace, 112 Cedar street, above Episcopal Church, Bristol Pa., dealer in Wall Paper and Window Shades, has the largest and best assortment in Bristol, wholesale and retail. Call and examine styles before purchasing elsewhere.

☞W. N. K. Boileau now offers one of the best cough medicines in the world. He has confidence in it, and it will give satisfaction. Ask for Piso's Cure for Consumption.

MARRIED.

HARRIS—WRIGHT.—At the parsonage of the Bristol Baptist Church, April 28th, 1880, by Rev. W. H. Conard, Mr. Charles L. Harris, of Burlington, N. J., and Miss Susie B. Wright, of Bristol.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

BUCKS COUNTY MUSIC ASSOCIATION.

The Second Annual Concert of the BUCKS COUNTY MUSIC ASSOCIATION will be held in Doylestown, the last WEDNESDAY in AUGUST, 1880. All local music societies in or adjacent to said county, or any which may yet organize for the purpose, also the bands and orchestras, are earnestly solicited to participate in the same. For full particulars address
J. L. FIELD, Secy.
Doylestown, Pa.

PERSONAL.

If MARY MILLER, nee BLUM, will call at the Bristol Post Office she will hear of something to her advantage.

FOUND,

A boat, which the owner can have by applying to the undersigned, and paying for this advertisement. THOMAS J. HOULDING,
At Henry Montgomery's, Radcliffe St.

ESTATE NOTICE.

Estate of David Landreth, late of Bristol Township, deceased. All persons indebted to said Estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having legal claims against the same will present them without delay, in proper order for settlement to
OLIVER LANDRETH,
BURNET LANDRETH,
LEOPOLD LANDRETH, } Executors.
Present claims to Oliver Landreth, No. 21 and 23 South Sixth Street, Philadelphia.
Bristol, March 31st, 1880.

ESTATE NOTICE.

Estate of Wm. Hawk, late of the Borough of Bristol, deceased. All persons indebted to said Estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having legal claims against the same will present them without delay, in proper order for settlement to
HENRY M. WRIGHT, Bristol,
JOSEPH HAWK, Mantua, Phila.,
Executors.
Bristol, March 31st, 1880.

ESTATE NOTICE.

Estate of Wm. G. Allen, late of the Borough of Bristol, deceased. All persons indebted to said Estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having legal claims against the same will present them without delay, in proper order for settlement to
WM. G. ALLEN,
Or Anthony Swain, Attorney. Executor.
Bristol, April 5th, 1880.

NOTICE TO FARMERS.

The Subscriber having put in a new Plaster and a Cobb Mill, is now prepared to furnish fresh Ground Land Plaster by the bushel or barrel, or by the ton. Also cobb corn ground at the shortest notice at the Newportville Mills.
ISAAC C. FETTER.
April 20th, 1880.

WANTED.

Responsible resident agent; in every city and town in the United States. Exclusive Territory given to an active, reliable man, to sell our Inks and Mucilage, on a new plan.
Great inducements offered.
Reference required.
HARRISON MANUFACTURING CO.,
No. 512 Broadway, New York City.

NOTICE.

Persons having business to transact with
FRANK P. ADAMS,
General Insurance Agent,
will please call at the Office of B. F. GILKESON, Esq., between the hours of 9 A. M. and 3 P. M. At other times, at his own Office, opposite the Cottage Hotel.

W. GRACE,
GENERAL HOUSE PAINTER,
Paper Hanger,
Graining, &c.
Estimates furnished. Town and country work solicited.
NO. 112 CEDAR STREET,
Above Episcopal Church,
Bristol, Pa.

Money collected. Property rented.
A. WEIR GILKESON,
Attorney-at-Law,
Bristol, Pa.
Pensions obtained. Office with B. F. GILKESON.

JAMES LYNDALL,
HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTER,
Foot of Pond Street, Bristol, Pa.
KALSOMINING AND FRESCOING
A Speciality.
Estimates furnished and orders promptly attended to.

WE ARE OFFERING MANY NEW ORNAMENTAL foliage plants. About 50 varieties of Roses, Ever-Blooming, Hybrid, Perpetual, Bourbon, Bengal or Lady, Tea Scented, Moss, Climbers, and the unsurpassed General Jacqueminot. The last named are going very fast. We have a fine variety, including about 20 Kinds, and will offer 6 of these, your own choice, for $1.00. This is a large reduction in price, but which in no way affects the quality of stock. Fuchsias, Geraniums, Begonias, and all desirable bedding plants. Tube Roses, the Double and Pearl varieties, 5 cts. for the former and 10 cents for the Pearl. Caladiums, Dahlias, Red Hot Poker, and other bulbous plants. Pampas grass started in pots, lawn grass seed; Hanging baskets, vases, brackets, Terra cotta ware, and many other ornamental contrivances for plants. Tomato, Pepper, Egg and Cabbage plants in their season; Grape vines and Strawberries plants. Persons ignorant of our prices should purchase nowhere until they give us a call, and compare prices and quality. We offer many things from 10 to 50 per cent. less than can be had in many places. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded.
DEWITT'S GREEN HOUSE,
Pond Street, below Penn.

BAZAAR SALE, NO. 11.
IN THE
Temperance House Yard.
LANGHORNE,
We will sell on
Saturday, May 1st, 1880,
1 nice pair of young mules, 4 horses, good workers and drivers; 20 head of superior York State cows; Carriages, Market Wagons, Dagger Wagons, Station Wagons, Harness, &c.
Sale to commence at 1 o'clock P. M., when the conditions will be made known by
THOMAS EASTBURN,
Agent for Owners.

IRWIN SHUPP & CO.,
CHINA AND GLASS,
837 Market Street, Philadelphia.
PRICES LOW.
Goods Always Warranted to be Just as Represented.
HANDSOME ASSORTMENT NEW GOODS.
Many nice things Suitable for
Wedding Presents.



HOLMAN LIVER PADS,
PLASTERS, SALTS, Etc.,
Constantly on hand a full Stock of Pure Drugs, Medicines, chemicals, etc. Toilet Articles, Pure Spices, Paints, Oils, Glass, etc.
☞Our Prescription Department is complete —"Purity, Accuracy and Neatness" our motto. Call and you will have the advantages afforded by a full stock of competent service, and low prices at H. G. PETERS' Drug Store,
No. 53 Mill Street,
Bristol, Pa.

Stock Speculation and Investment.
Operations on Margins or by Privileges Special business in Mining Stocks. Full particulars on application. JAMES BROWN, Dealer in Stocks and Bonds, 64 & 66 Broadway, New York.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Grand Depot.
Dry Goods.
Full value for each dollar spent!
Full measure to the yard!
Full stock to select from!
Full satisfaction guaranteed!
John Wanamaker
Philadelphia.

OPPOSITION IS THE LIFE OF TRADE!

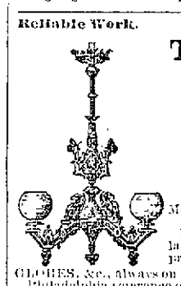
MAMMOTH SIZE BREAD,
AT FIVE CENTS A LOAF.

BRAN BREAD, VIENNA BREAD, and CINNAMON BUNS
A Specialty. They are unsurpassed.

Thanking the Public for past favors, I herewith announce that I am always prepared to offer the **BIGGEST LOAF OF BREAD** that can be bought for the money, and respectfully solicit your orders. Parties, Weddings, etc., will be furnished with Cakes, Ice cream, and Confectionery at reduced rates, and **perfect satisfaction guaranteed**, or money refunded.
Yours Truly,
C. F. MERTZ,
Cor. Pond and Washington Streets, Bristol, Pa.

ARTHUR T. COLLINS,
Foot of Market Street, Bristol, Pa.,
Plumber, Steam and Gas Fitter.
Dealer in all material pertaining to the business, such as
LEAD,
IRON,
TERRA COTTA PIPES,
BRASS AND COPPER WORK,
PUMPS,
HYDRAULIC RAMS,
WIND MILLS,
GAS FIXTURES,
BATH BOILERS, &c.
All work guaranteed to give satisfaction, and on the most reasonable terms. Give me a call before going elsewhere. Repair work of all kinds promptly attended to.

Reliable Work. Reasonable Prices.



THOMAS K. MIDDLETON,
Late of Philadelphia,
(Successor to GEO. S. STONE & SON.)
PLUMBER,
Steam and Gas Fitter,
Corner Pond and Lafayette Streets,
BRISTOL, PA.



MACHINES FOR SUPPLYING AND FIXTURES FOR USING WATER GAS AND STEAM.
Dwellings fitted on the most approved plans, and in accordance with the latest sanitary principles. Also **GREEN HOUSE HEATING** by improved methods. Repairing carefully attended to. CHANDALIERS GLOBES, &c., always on hand, and for sale at manufacturers' prices.
Philadelphia reference on application. Refer to C. W. & J. Peirce, and Grundy Bros. & Campion, Bristol.
Long Experience. Personal Attention.

Go to
E. C. JOHNSON'S
FOR CHEAP BOOTS, SHOES, GAITERS, AND RUBBERS.
CUSTOM work a specialty; repairing promptly attended to. Call and examine our stock befor purchasing elsewhere. Don't forget the place. At
E. C. JOHNSON'S,
No. 34 Mill Street, Bristol.

DR. PURSELL'S
POROUS PLASTERS
Are always fresh; always adhere well; efficacious; not excelled by any other; uniform, and more sold in this vicinity than all the others.
J. E. CALDWELL & CO.

NEW MUSIC.
No. 1223 Chestnut St.
ROGERS' CHOICE SERIES
Just published in the very best style of the art:
Rock of Ages.—A transcription with variations. Arranged by Jennie Rogers. Price, 60 cents.
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Either of the above publications will be sent by mail free of postage at one-half the above prices.
Purchasers of Music will do well to secure a copy of our new Catalogue of half-price music, consisting of some 3,000 or more selected pieces. Sent by mail free of postage.
In addition to our own publications and half price music, we furnish a great variety of the most popular sheet music and musical publications of the day at greatly reduced prices.
Orders by mail will receive special and prompt attention, and P. O. Stamps of not larger denomination than three cents received in payment. Address
ORRIN ROGERS,
No. 1223 Chestnut Street, Phila.

R. TRUDGEN & SON, No. 2 Mill Street Bristol, Pa., dealers in all kinds of
NEW and SECOND-HAND FURNITURE.
Wall Paper, Window Shades, &c.,
Would inform their friends and patrons that they are now prepared for the Fall Trade with a large Stock of Goods. Plain and Decorative Paper Hanging a specialty.
All the latest designs of Wall Papers and Window Shades for below city prices. Upholstering of all kinds done in the best manner. Furniture of all kinds repaired and varnished. Chairs Re-Caned. Window Shades trimmed and hung. Carpets of all kinds tacked down with patent stretcher. Bell Hanging in all its branches. Hair and Husk Mattresses made to order and renovated. Jobbing of all kinds promptly attended to. Estimates given for work as low as the lowest and satisfaction guaranteed.
Thankful for past favors, we would ask a continuance of the same.
R. TRUDGEN & SON.

M. E. & A. L. BROWN,
No. 35 MILL STREET,
BRISTOL, PA.,
Having enlarged their place of business and added to their large stock of Millinery Goods a carefully selected stock of
Fancy Goods & Trimmings,
Invite inspection of their Spring selection of Ribbons, Ties, Laces, Lace Goods, Worsteds, Dress Trimmings, Feathers, Flowers, Ruchings, Embroideries, and many Novelties of Ladies' Dress, including Hats, Bonnets, Gloves, Skirts, Hosiery, Corsets, and Undergarments of great variety and excellence of quality, and in Cheapness not excelled in Bristol or Philadelphia.

GEORGE A. NEISSER,
BOOT AND SHOE MAKER,
No. 27 Mulberry Street,
Between Cedar and Wood, East side.
BRISTOL, PA.

WATCHMAKERS, 902 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia, Dealers in American and Geneva Watches, 18 kt. Gold Cases and the most reliable Movements; Gentlemen's, Ladies' and Boys' Watches, Chronographs, Repeaters, Chatelaine Watches. The Lowest Prices, marked in plain figures, from which there is no deviation. Orders and inquiries by mail receive prompt attention.

PHILADELPHIA.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
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From Harper's Magazine.

MINE SCHILDHOOD.

BY AUTHOR OF "LEEBELE YAWCOB STRAUSS."

Der schiltren dhey vas poot in ped,
All tucked up for der nighdt;
I dakes mine pipe der mantel off,
Und py der fireside prighdt
I dinks aboudt vhen I vas young—
Of modder, who vas dead,
Und how at nighdt—like I do Hans—
She tucked me oup in ped.

I mindt me off mine fader too,
Und how he yoost to say,
"Poor poy, you haf a hardt old row
To hoe, und leedle play!"
I find me oudt dot id vas dhrue
Vat mine oldt fader said,
Vhile smooding down mine flaxen hair
Und tucking me in ped.

Der oldt folks! Id vas like a dhream
To speak off dem like dot.
Gretchen und I vas "oldt folks" now,
Und has two schiltren got.
Ve lofes dhem more as never vas,
Each leedle curly head,
Und efry nighdt ve dakes dhem oup
Und tucks dhem in dheir ped.

Budt dhen, sometimes, vhen I feels plue,
Vhen all dings lonesome seem,
I vish I vas dot poy again,
Und dis vas all a dhream.
I vant to kiss mine modder vonce,
Und vhen mine prayer vas said,
To haf mine fader take me oup
Und tuck me in mine ped.

POVERTY AND DISTRESS.

That poverty which produces the greatest distress is not of the purse but of the blood. Deprived of its richness, it becomes scant and watery, a condition termed *anæmia* in medical writings. Given this condition, and scrofulous swellings and sores, general and nervous debility, loss of flesh and appetite, weak lungs, throat diseases and consumption, are among the common results. Therefore if you are a sufferer from thin, poor blood, do not hesitate, but employ Golden Medical Discovery which enriches the blood and radically cures these affections by striking at the root of the evil and removing the cause.

For all bronchial, throat, and lung affections, severe lingering coughs, weak lungs, consumption in its early stages, asthma and kindred affections, Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery is the sovereign remedy, and has outrivaled all its competitors. It is harmless in any condition of the system, yet powerful to cure. Druggists sell it.

GOING HOME WITH THE GIRLS.—The entrance into society may be said to take place immediately after boyhood has passed away, yet a multitude take their initiative before their beards are presentable. It is a great trial either for a tender or riper age, for an overgrown boy to go to a door, knowing well that there are a dozen girls inside, and knock or ring with an absolute certainty that in a few moments all eyes will turn upon him; it is a severe test of courage to go before these girls and make a tour of the room without stepping on their toes, and to sit down and dispose of his hands, without putting them in his pockets, is an achievement that few boys can boast of. If a boy can go so far as to measure ten yards of tape with one of the girls, and cut it at each end, he may stand stand a chance to pass a pleasant evening. Let him not flatter himself that the trials of the evening are over. Then comes the breaking up; the girls don their bonds and put on their shawls, and look so saucy and mischievous, so unimpressible and independent, as if they didn't want anybody to go home with them. Then comes the pluch, and the boy with the most pluck goes up to the prettiest girl in the room, with his tongue clinging to the roof of his mouth: "Shall I take you home?" She touches her fingers on his arm, and they walk home, feeling as awkward as two goslings.

The preparatory department of the Pennsylvania State College offers *free* instruction to all. It is thoroughly organized, and embraces a wide range of studies such as will prepare its students either for successful work in the Collegiate Department or for the duties of intelligent citizens and competent business men in all vocations of life. For full information, address the President, State College, Centre Co., Pa.

☞NO MORE WHITE BUTTER.—No dairyman can afford to make and sell white butter. People who buy butter want it yellow, and are willing to pay several cents per pound more for it than they would for the lardy looking stuff they often have to take. By using Wells, Richardson & Co's Perfected Butter Color, every dairyman can have the golden color of June the year round. It is sold by druggists and merchants generally.

Apropos of names. First swell: "I never did like 'May,' not nearly so pretty as 'Mary;' wonder they don't change the name of the month to 'Mary.'" Second swell: "Clevaw ideaw, bah Jove! make awystaws good to June, you know!"

☞THE GREATEST BLESSING.—A simple, pure, harmless remedy, that cures every time, and prevents disease by keeping the blood pure, stomach regular, kidneys and liver active, is the greatest blessing ever conferred upon man. Hop Bitters is that remedy, and its proprietors are being blessed by thousands who have been saved and cured by it. Will you try it? See another column.

A victim of domestic infelicity who is in the habit of dreaming should never go to sleep in church while the contribution plate is being passed, and gives the following to illustrate the warning: "A congregation near Quincy was somewhat startled last Sabbath when a venerable member excitedly yelled, 'See here, now, drop that skillet, old woman!'"

☞WHY WEAR PLASTERS?—They may relieve, but they can't cure that lame back, for the kidneys are the trouble and you want a remedy to act directly on their secretions, to purify and restore their healthy condition. Kidney-Wort has that specific action—and at the same time it regulates the bowels perfectly. Don't wait to get sick, but get a package to-day, and cure yourself.

Before Fanny Fern married James Parton, she wrote in a description of Broadway: "Here comes James Parton, who doesn't believe in the devil." George D. Prentice, of the Louisville "Journal," copied it subsequently, and added: "Ah! Fanny, that was before he was married."

☞Always keep the bottle handy,
Do not place it out of sight,
For it cured our little Andy,
Who was coughing day and night.
Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup.

The editor of the Munfordville (Ky.) *Democrat* hopes that he will not be classed among liars when he affirms that a hen in Hart county, after laying 200 eggs, began to assume the appearance of a rooster and is now in every appearance a well-developed male fowl. It lays no more eggs, but struts around the yard and crows to perfection.

☞Nauseous medicines seem all that the doctors can think of. Try "Sellers' Cough Syrup," and you will be delighted beyond measure.

The Buffalo Courier says all the perfume in Arabia will not sweeten a man's character after he has been through one national political campaign as an aspirant for the highest office in the gift of the nation.

☞"Dr. Lindsey's Blood Searcher' cured my son of erysipelas." Mrs. E. Smeltzer, Larimer, Pa.

The growing good of the world is partly dependent on unhistoric acts, and that things are not so ill with you and me as they might have been is half owing to the number who lived faithfully a hidden life and rest in unvisited tombs.

☞Kidney-Wort has proved a most effective cure for Piles and Constipation—be sure and try it.

BRISTOL.

Wholesale Price List of Muslins.

Fruit of the Loom, 10½ cts.	Bleached.
Forrestdale, 11 cts.	
Cabot, 11½ cts.	
Dwight, 10 cts.	
Bartlett, 8 cts.	
Amazon, 6½ cts.	
Dwight, 9 cts.	Unbleached.
Appleton, 8½ cts.	
Lawrence 7½ cts.	
Oella, 7 cts.	
Blank, 6 cts.	

Best Calicoes 7 and 8 cts, remnants 5 cts; Crash 5 cts. Storekeepers and private buyers can obtain the above makes of muslins at prices quoted, by the piece only; less quantity, ½ cent higher.

WOOD'S CASH STORE,
BRISTOL.

A. L. PACKER,

DEALER IN

Coal, Wood, Flour

FEED and GRAIN.

COAL.

From the Harleigh and Lattimore Mines,

CAREFULLY PICKED AND SCREENED.

Sold at the lowest market prices.

FLOUR.

W. & B. Thomas, Best Flour, per 100,	$3 0
Good Family, "	3 00
	Per bbl.
Stanton's New Process (Patent), -	$9 50
Belle of Venice—St. Louis, - - -	7 50
Pride of Canton—Ohio, - - -	7 00
Belle of Minnesota, - - -	7 00
New Providence—Ohio, - - -	6 50

WOOD.

OAK—Cut and Split, ready for use, $2.25 per cart load.
PINE—Cut and Split, ready for use, of best quality, $2 25 per cart load.

All the above goods are warranted to give entire satisfaction. If not as represented will be sent for and taken back without charge.

The attention of the citizens of Bristol and vicinity is called to my very large stock now on hand of the above named articles, and persons will find it to their advantage to examine my stock and prices before purchasing elsewhere. Thankful for the liberal patronage heretofore bestowed, a continuance of the same is respectfully solicited.

A. L. PACKER,
Mill Street, Opposite Old Post Office,
136 BRISTOL, PA.

Bristol Mills.

FLOUR, FEED, LUMBER, COAL.

ROGERS BROTHERS,
Successors to J. & A. Dorrance.

Flour
Fresh ground from the best of Wheat and promptly delivered to customers.

Feed
of all kinds constantly on hand and ground to order.

Lumber.
Seasoned White Pine Boards and Plank of all grades; Hemlock Boards, Joist and Scantling, Lath Pickets, Oak Posts, &c.

☞Sawed Hemlock Fencing of the best quality.

Bills for large, long or odd sized timber cut at our

Saw Mill
at the shortest notice from selected logs and at the lowest prices.

Planing Mill.
Yellow and White Pine Flooring, Siding &c. of the different grades, constantly on hand and made to order, which our facilities enable us to sell at very reasonable prices.

Shingles
In all the varieties as to size, quality and prices so that our customers cannot fail to be suited.

Coal
Of the different sizes kept dry under our sheds, well screened and free from slate and dust.

Wood
Ready Sawed for Summer use and very cheap. CEDAR RAILS lower than usual.

Grain Bought
At the Bristol Mills, and the highest market price paid.
361 ROGERS BROTHERS.

HAWKE & JOHNSON,



25 Bath Street, Bristol, Penna.

Dealers in
LEHIGH AND BITUMINOUS
COALS,
LUMBER
and Building material generally,
KINDLING WOOD,
FLOUR AND FEED.

BRAN at wholesale or retail.
We make a specialty of COAL and FLOUR. Our Coal is well screened and picked and kept dry.
We keep all the CHOICE BRANDS of FLOUR, and a trial will convince you of their quality.
Confident of pasing on, we solicit a share your patronage.

Seven Per Cent. Investment at Par.

FOR SALE, STOCK IN THE BRISTOL IMPROVEMENT COMPANY. Pays quarterly dividends at the rate of Seven per cent. per annum, with almost absolute security. The investment is entirely in real estate of the most substantial character, and at the present low cost of building, the value of which every stockholder is capable to judge.
It is not possible to find any other investment yielding so large a return at so little risk.
JOSHUA PEIRCE.

HAVING DISPOSED OF MY CITY office, I will wait upon all at 81 RAD CLIFFE Street, BRISTOL, Pa.
G. W. ADAMS, Dentist.
(Out of office on Second Day.)

MISCELLANEOUS.

Fringes
20c. to $15 per yd.

Gimps
(beaded and plain)
10c. to $8 per yd.

Upholstery Goods
Fringes for Lambrequins
Mantels, Tables, &c., Gimps, Braids, &c., &c.

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Double Store,
TWICE
Its Former Size.



Buttons
5c. to $8 per doz.

White Goods
Collars, Cuffs, Laces, etc., etc.

Zephyr Goods
Germantown, Shetland, and other Yarns.
Brackets, Cushions, etc., etc.,

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Combs, Brushes, Toilet Soaps, &c.

THE LARGEST & CHEAPEST STOCK OF DRESS TRIMMINGS IN PHILA.

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Siding and Flooring,
MOULDINGS AND BRACKETS,
IN EVERY VARIETY.

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65 BRISTOL, PA.

COOK & JAQUES,
STATE STREET, Trenton, N. J.

Have a Fine Selection of Choice Cameo, Pearl, Onyx and Amethyst Rings. Diamond and 18K Plain Engagement Rings. Stone-Cameo Lockets for Ladies and Gents, Mosaic Pins, Crosses and Lockets. Opera, Matinee and Chatelain Chains. Gold and Plated Vest Chains.

STERLING SILVER And COIN SILVER Spoons, Forks, etc.

Various articles for WEDDING PRESENTS, in Bronze and Silver. All the new styles of Buttons and studs.
The **Agents direct** for the sale of all brands of of American WATCHES. Watch-cases made to suit customers in design. We sell all the finest brands of Foreign Watches for Ladies and Gents.
All kinds of *FINE WATCH REPAIRING* done in the store. Agents for the ARUNDEL TINTED EYE-GLASSES AND SPECTACLES.

COOK & JAQUES, 41 East State Street, Trenton, N. J.
Are the Leading Jewelers.

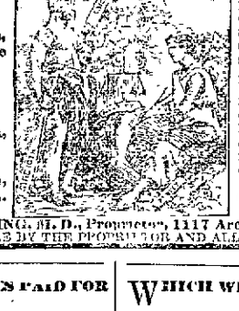
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Herbs of Wonder,
THE GREAT LIVER REGULATOR AND BLOOD PURIFIER.

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HERBS OF WONDER for sale by all druggists at 25 cents per package.
JOHNSON, HALLOWAY & CO., Wholesale Agents, 602 Arch street.
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BROWNING'S C & C CORDIAL

FOR
Coughs,
Colds,
Bronchitis,
Hoarseness,
Tickling or Dryness of the Throat,
Sore Throat,
Cold in the Head,
Croup,
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Whooping-Cough,
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Asthmatic Coughs,
and relief of Consumptives.



DR. BROWNING is a regular graduate of medicine, a skillful pharmacist, and a thorough chemist. His "C. & C." (Cough and Cold) Cordial is not the result of mere chance, but of long scientific research in chemistry and medicine, as is plainly seen by the rapidity of its action and its unparalleled efficacy. The expense in its manufacture is at least *five times* as great as that of any other medicine upon the market, and yet it is sold at the exceedingly low price of 50c.
☞Sample bottles (for a short time only) 25 cts.

W. CHAMPION BROWNING, M. D., Proprietor, 1117 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa.
☞FOR SALE BY THE PROPRIETOR AND ALL DRUGGISTS.

HIGHEST CASH PRICES PAID FOR
RAGS,
BONES, and
OLD IRON,
and old metal of all kinds.

All kinds of
CROCKERY and GLASS WARE,
TIN WARE, STOVES, &c.,
At the lowest prices.

TIN ROOFING
and jobbing promptly attended to.

Old metal and rags called for at residences, when notified. Leave orders at store, corner of WOOD AND PENN STREETS,
BRISTOL, PA.

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MILTON WEBSTER,
AT THE
Corner Mill and Cedar Streets
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KEEPS always on hand a large supply of FRESH BEEF, VEAL, MUTTON, &c. Also, Smoked Hams, Bologna Sausage, Smoked Shoulders, and Prepared Meats of all kinds.
Special inducements given cash customers. 28

DR. THOMAS,
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NITROUS OXIDE GAS.

DR. THOMAS makes a specialty of extracting teeth absolutely without pain by the aid of Nitrous Oxide. Over 80,500 persons have successfully inhaled the gas at his office
912 Walnut Street, (South Side).
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$10 TO $500 All wishing to make money in Wall St. should deal with the undersigned. Write for explanatory Circulars, sent free by
HICKLING & CO., Bankers & Brokers, 42 Exchange Place, New York
"Enjoy the confidence of their patrons."—*Evening Post.*

WHICH WILL YOU HAVE?

A WEED,
AMERICAN,
DOMESTIC,
SINGER,
STEWART
SINGER,
WHEELER & WILSON,



or any kind of a Sewing Machine you want, you can get at No. 26 Radcliffe Street.
Come and see the improvements on the different kinds of Machines before you buy.
You can have any of the above named machines on trial, and if you like one you can buy it on easy terms.
Every machine I sell on new woodwork is new. I don't deal in rebuilt machines, neither do I employ any canvassers, consequently you don't have to pay their commissions in buying a machine of me.
Remember, any kind of a machine you want, if I have not got it in the office, I can get it for you, and then you have some one to look after it and keep it in order.
Old machines taken in exchange for new.
W. H. BOOZ,
No. 26 Radcliffe Street.
Next to Presbyterian Church. Bristol, Pa.

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CAPITAL	$400,000 00
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East Side, Four doors above Girard Ave.
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A full assortment of Umbrellas.

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DR. SCHENCK'S
MEDICINES
WILL CURE
CONSUMPTION,
LIVER COMPLAINT
AND
DYSPEPSIA.

Read the following Letters from

REV. HENRY MORGAN,

Of Boston. He was Cured by Dr. Schenck's Medicines.

BOSTON, MASS.

DR. J. H. SCHENCK—

Dear Sir—I feel it my duty, for the sake of sick and suffering humanity, to relate to you the following facts.
Last May I was attacked with hemorrhage of the lungs, and bled profusely, and, not finding the proper remedy, still again I bled in one month after, and became weaker than before. Then I fully comprehended the danger, and cast about me for an aegis from the impending doom.
Naturally skeptical, and fearful of being duped, having an inveterate abhorrence of empirics, I was slow to trust; and with regard to your medicines, I was obstinate even to a fault. Not until the living witnesses, healed, received, with full breathing power, stood before me, would I be persuaded. Not until the efficacious balm was purchased and brought to my room, and forced upon me, would I try it. Two of my parishioners informed me of their wonderful recovery, one was completely cured of bleeding of the lungs, and is now doing battle in the service of his country; the other was a person who was on the verge of death for more than a year; bleeding at every little excitement, and despairing of recovery until she found relief in your Syrup.

PULMONIC SYRUP.

She came before me apparently in the very bloom of health, with brilliant, florid countenance and portly bearing; the last person I should have suspected of having ever been under the pale sheet of New England's fell destroyer—Consumption. She looked to you as the mighty deliverer from its scourge, and to your Syrup as a panacea for the complaint. She was a member of my church, and felt an interest for my recovery, and though sanguine and even enthusiastic, as she had a right to be, because she herself had been healed, yet there she stood, the living visible truth before me. Could I doubt her word? Could I refuse a remedy so mild, so palatable, and yet so efficacious? No! Life was too precious, yet too precarious, to delay a moment. I took six bottles of the Syrup, and recovering rapidly, I went into the country for three months, for the benefit of the air. But, alas! the air could not benefit me without the medicine. I went without that, and after bleeding again, I resolved to come back. I was much fatigued on arriving in Boston, and bled the same night. My case was again critical. Immediately I applied for the Syrup, and soon began rapidly to improve, and recover what I had lost. I am still under treatment, but have nearly recovered. I never weighed so much as I do now. I never looked so full in the cheek, and excepting a nervous weakness in the chest, and a frequent excitation of wind, I am quite strong. These, however, are receding before the

MANDRAKE
PILLS AND SEA-WEED TONIC.

I have taken them but a few days, but have found great relief. According to present appearances, I shall be able to preach again very soon, and come out of this sickness stronger than I ever was before.
As our callings are similar in striving to relieve the ills of life—you for the body, I for the spirit; you for the sick, and I in preaching to the poor—I feel it my duty to lay before the world my testimony in favor of your Pulmonic Syrup.

HENRY MORGAN.

P. S.—February 8—Preached this day for the first time after my illness; feel a little sore at the breast, but nothing more. March 1—Preached twice, feel quite strong. March 22—Preached three times, and hold meetings every night; therefore, I may be considered a well man. Thanks to the name of Dr. J. H. Schenck. Under God, your Medicines have cured me.
In reply to the many inquiring letters sent me from almost every Northern State, I say to one and all, I am the man; and wherein I was sick, I am now healed. I am not the only one relieved in these parts, but several of my acquaintances have been recently benefited. One of my parishioners, after spending a large sum on physicians, and growing in nothing better, but rather worse, applied, as a last resort, for the Syrup.
At first it did not agree with him. He then took the Tonic and the Pills to prepare the way for it, and preserved in taking it, until now, instead of going to sea, as he contemplated, to save his life, he has gone to work. And many others I might name.
Very truly yours,
H. MORGAN.

MORGAN CHAPEL, 81 SHAWMUT AV.,
BOSTON, Feb. 5, 1880.

The foregoing letter was given to Dr. Schenck many years ago. I can only say that my lungs were then PERFECTLY CURED.
I have had no return of lung difficulty or hemorrhage from that day to this. I have great confidence in Dr. Schenck's medicines, and recommend them.

HENRY MORGAN.

Springfield, Ohio, Jan. 29, 1880.

DR. J. H. SCHENCK—

Dear Sir—From a feeling of gratitude and a desire to benefit others, I send you this certificate that all may know of the virtue of your medicines. For over one year my case seemed hopeless: I had night sweats, loss of appetite, a very severe cough and a complete prostration of my whole system. My physician pronounced my disease Consumption, I was reduced almost to a skeleton and all the medicines I took failed to give me any relief. I had fully made up my mind that I was incurable, when an acquaintance recommended your remedies. I had little faith in them, however, having lost all hope, but in a very short time after commencing their use, found to my great surprise that I was getting stronger and that my worst symptoms were fast disappearing. I persevered in taking them until I was restored to perfect health. I assure you that language fails to express the gratitude I feel towards you for your skill in preparing so good and great a remedy.

Gratefully Yours,
CATHERINE A. STEWART.

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